

CS160

USER INTERFACE DESIGN

FALL 2015



AFFORDANCE, CONTEXTUAL INQUIRY, AND CONCEPTUAL MODELS

10 SEP 2015

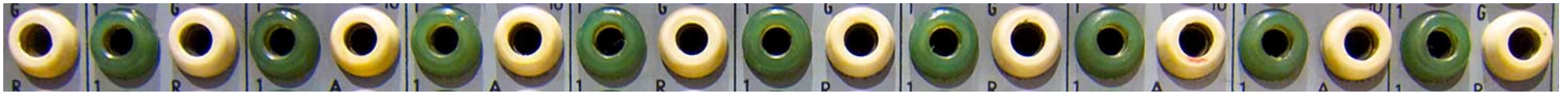
ERIC PAULOS

www.paulos.net

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CONTEXTUAL INQUIRY

GOALS

Method:

“Go where the customer works, observe the customer as she works, and talk to the customer about their work” [Holtzblatt]

Goals:

Get inside the user's head

See their tasks the way they do

A middle ground between pure observation and pure interview

GUIDELINE: MASTER-APPRENTICE MODEL

Allows user to teach us what they do

- Skill knowledge is usually tacit (can't put it in books)
- Sometimes literal apprenticeship is best



Matsushita Home Bakery – First automatic bread maker to have twist/stretch motion [Nonaka 95]

PRINCIPLES OF CONTEXTUAL INQUIRY

Context

Partnership

Interpretation

Focus

PRINCIPLES: CONTEXT

Go where the work is:

Conduct inquiry in a normal work environment

People summarize, but we want details

Keep it concrete when people start to abstract

"We usually get reports by email", ask "Can I see one?"

Look for skipped steps, ask user to fill them in.

PRINCIPLES: PARTNERSHIP

Master / Apprentice + intermittent probing

Alternative models (what's wrong with them?)

Interviewer / Interviewee

Expert / Novice

Guest / Host

WHY NOT JUST INTERVIEW FOLKS?





EXAMPLE: PAPER FLIGHT STRIPS



W. Mackay. Is Paper Safer? The Role of Paper Flight Strips in Air Traffic Control

EXAMPLE: PAPER FLIGHT STRIPS

AFR 1117<1024> air france EA32 450 LEND LFPG 0548 MERUE MOD 1224 TP		TERNI 41 1235 PEROT		CHU CLARA GIRX0 S0XMU 56 12		LIX 10 04 97	
Paris (Athis Mors), France: en route control center							
SUR 658 <3020> swissair EA32 440 LSZH LEND 5602 1759		290 290 ZA		MEN 06 10		GAI 15 10	
				TON 10		S0VAR 30 10	
				ZZA 40 10		H1 3 10 04 97	
Bordeaux, France: en route control center							
C08R 1747-CT		B73F EHAM 831 390 LFPG		KLH331 C0172		230LEX 17:44:35	
Maastricht, the Netherlands: en route control center							
7347 OIL R180		VLA 240 EHAM -NH		FK70 EGNX		DHA206 1808	
				400R 1808		NEP 1802	
				VLA 1808		AM 1802	
Amsterdam, the Netherlands: en route control center							

\$12 Billion

Daily U.S. transactions



PRINCIPLES: PARTNERSHIP

Stick with master-apprentice; avoid other models, i.e.

Avoid interviewer/interviewee

Above all, don't "teach"!

Partnership allows more apprentice interaction

OK to be a designer and interrupt!

... but go back "in role" afterwards.

Alternate watching & probing (withdrawal & return)

PRINCIPLES: INTERPRETATION

Good facts only the starting point

Design based on interpretations

Validate & rephrase

Check interpretations with user

Be committed to hearing what user is really saying

PRINCIPLES: FOCUS

You need data about specific tasks

Steer conversation to stay on useful topics

Respect “intrapersonal triggers”
(flags to change focus/understanding)

“Why would they do that?”

Admit your ignorance

THOUGHTS ON INQUIRIES

Establish rapport before diving in

Use recording technologies

Notebooks, tape recorders, still & video cameras

Master/apprentice can be hard

Staying in role – it's a lot like acting

Don't correct! It's not a lesson!

It's hard not designing on the fly

SUMMARY

Contextual inquiry

Helps answer the task analysis questions

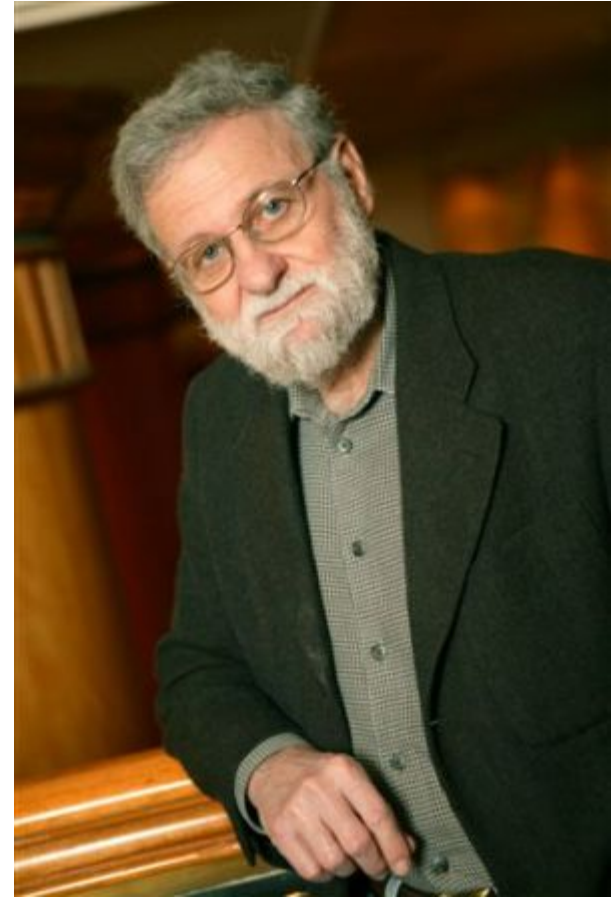
Hybrid between interview and observation

Use master-apprentice model to get them to teach you



AFFORDANCE

"... the term **affordance** refers to the *perceived* and *actual* properties of the thing, primarily those fundamental properties that determine just how the thing could possibly be used."



The Design of Everyday Things.
Don Norman

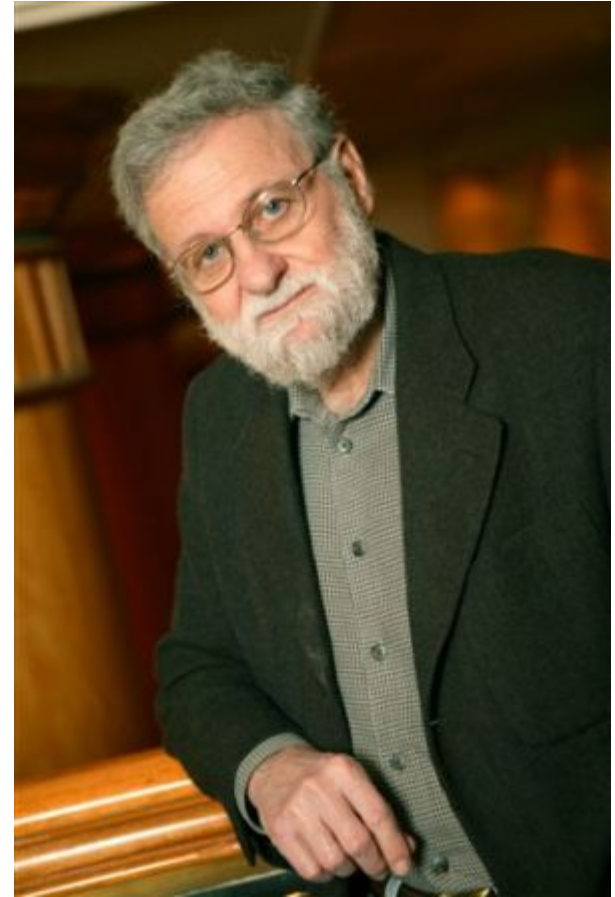
“... the term **affordance** refers to the *perceived* and *actual* properties of the thing, primarily those fundamental properties that determine just how the thing could possibly be used.”

Some affordances obvious

Knobs afford turning

Buttons afford pushing

Glass can be seen through



The Design of Everyday Things.
Don Norman

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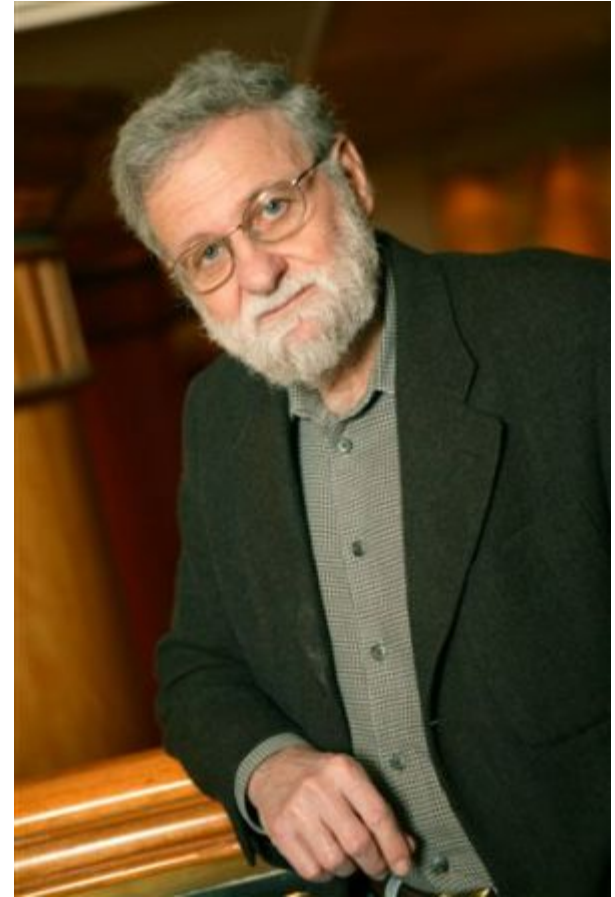
Knobs afford turning

Buttons afford pushing

Glass can be seen through

Some affordances learned

Glass breaks easily



The Design of Everyday Things.
Don Norman

AFFORDANCES

Clues about how object/interface works



AFFORDANCES

Clues about how object/interface works



Affordances

holes for insertion of fingers

blades for cutting

Implications clear for how operating parts work

DOOR HANDLES

Affordances suggest how to use the object



DOOR HANDLES

Affordances suggest how to use the object



DOOR HANDLES

Affordances suggest how to use the object





CULTURAL DEPENDENCIES

Affordances suggest how to use the object

Can be dependent on the

Experience

Knowledge

Culture

Switches (US down=off, UK down=on)

red = danger, green = go

Can make an action easy/difficult



PERCEIVED AFFORDANCES

Affordances suggest how to use the object

Can be dependent on the

Experience

Knowledge

Culture of the actor

Can make an action easy/
difficult

Affordances may be *perceived*
without actually existing



HELLO, COMPUTER

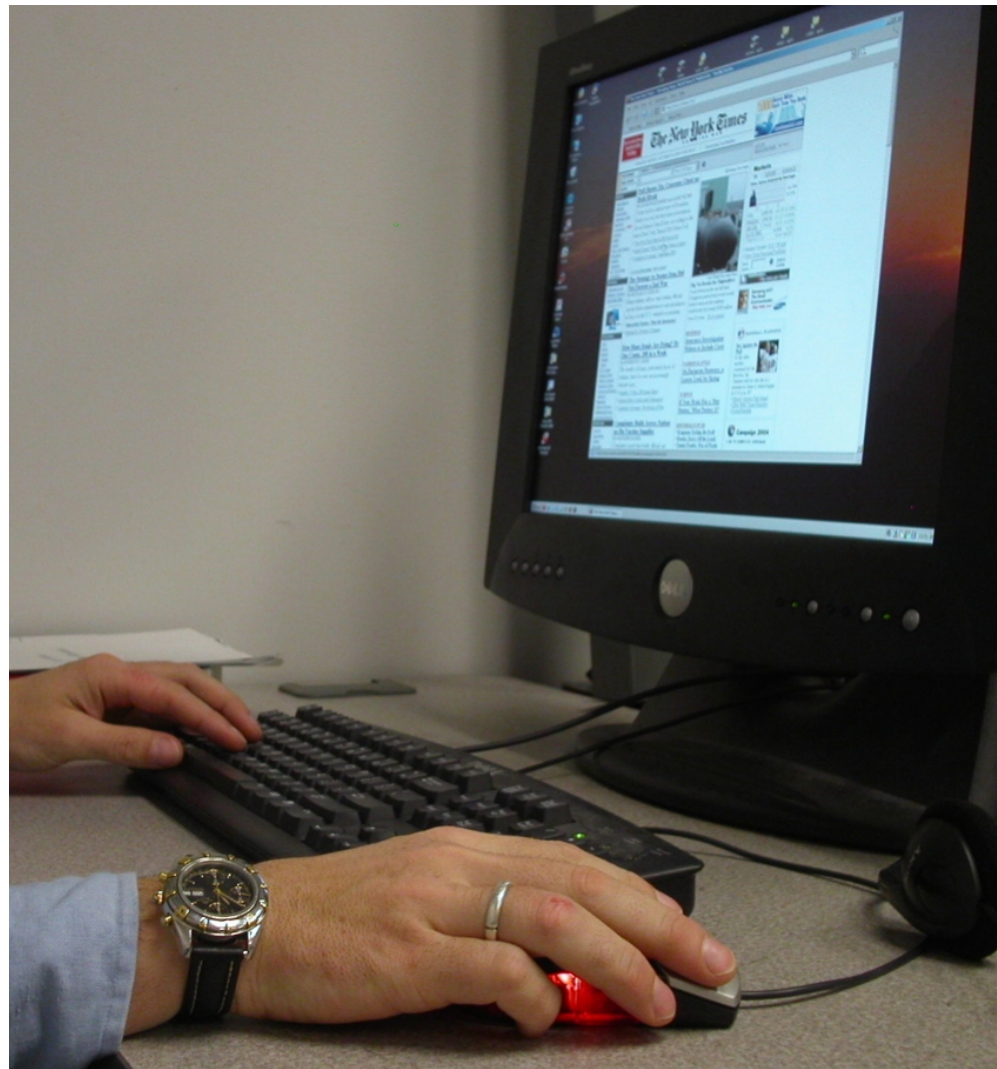


SCREEN-BASED INTERFACES

Physical affordances

Screen, pointing device, physical buttons, keyboard

These afford touching, pointing, clicking on every pixel



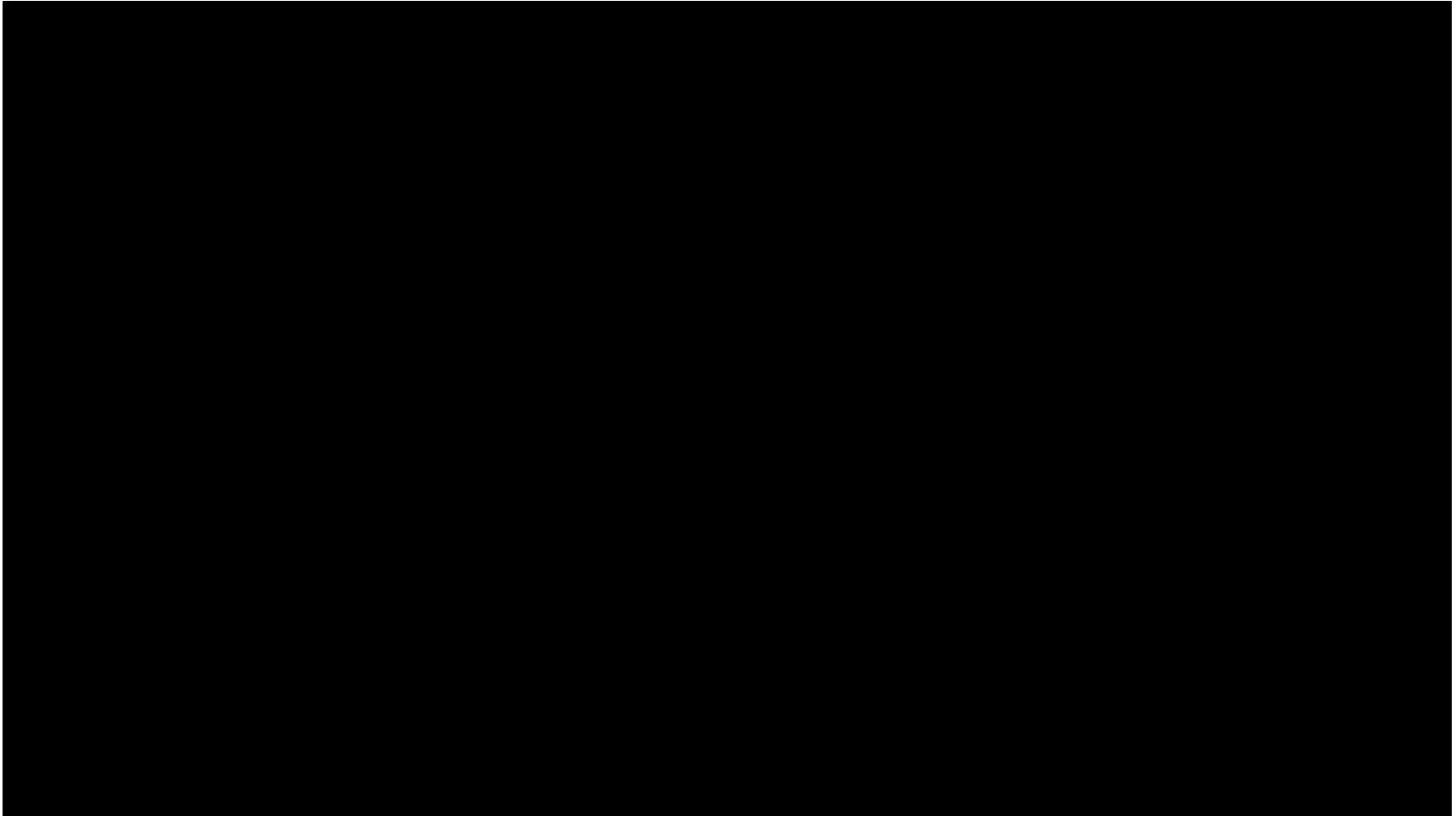
SCREEN-BASED INTERFACES

Physical affordances
of screens are often
unused

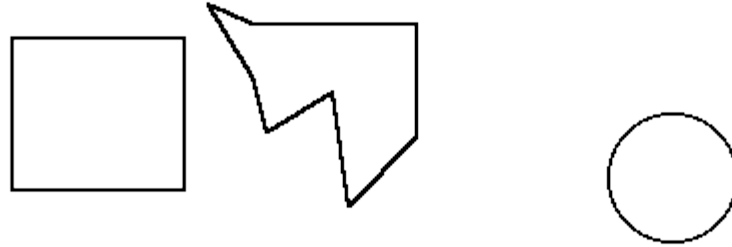
Screen affords touching, but
many screens are *not* touch
sensitive



“A MAGAZINE IS AN IPAD THAT DOESN'T WORK...”

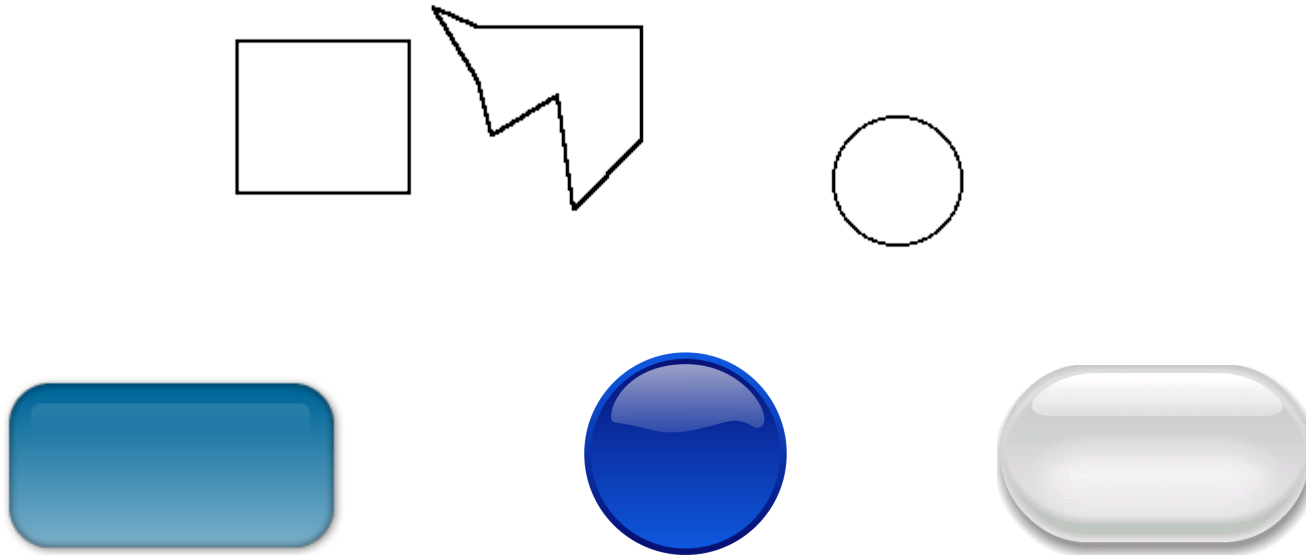


DESIGNER CONTROLS PERCEIVED AFFORDANCES



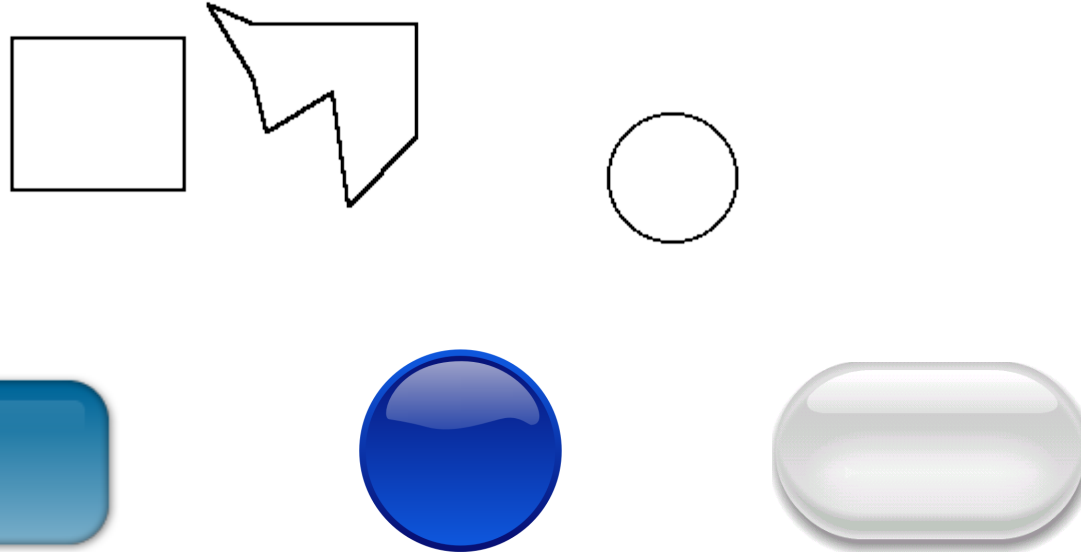
What are the affordances of these graphical objects?

DESIGNER CONTROLS PERCEIVED AFFORDANCES



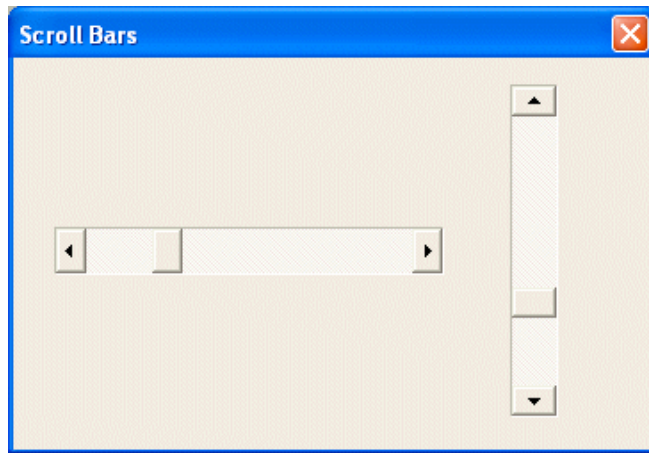
What are the affordances of these graphical objects?

DO GRAPHICAL OBJECTS AFFORD CLICKING?



Graphic design emphasizes affordances
Helps user recognize objects as buttons

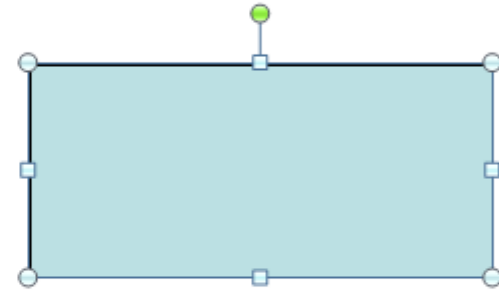
SCROLLBAR AFFORDANCES?



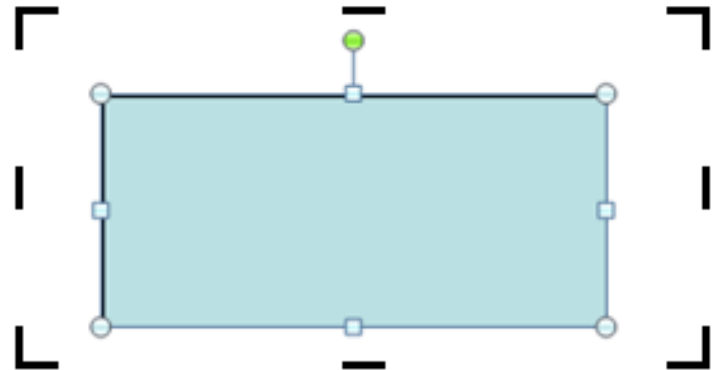
WIDGET AFFORDANCES

Well-designed widgets have clear affordances

e.g. resize handles:

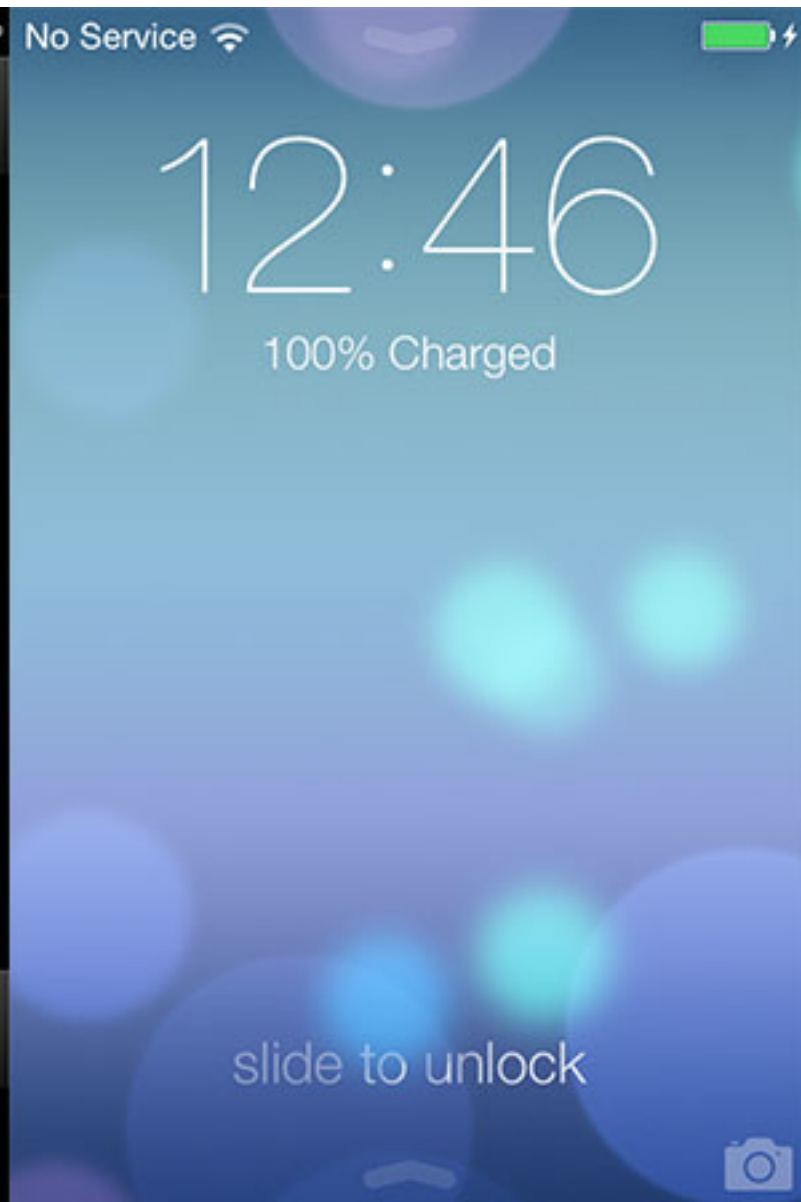


crop handles:



motion arrows







NeoNode 2004

Affordance:...

Visibility:...

Mapping:...

Mental Model:...

Feedback:...



CUSTOM FUNCTIONS

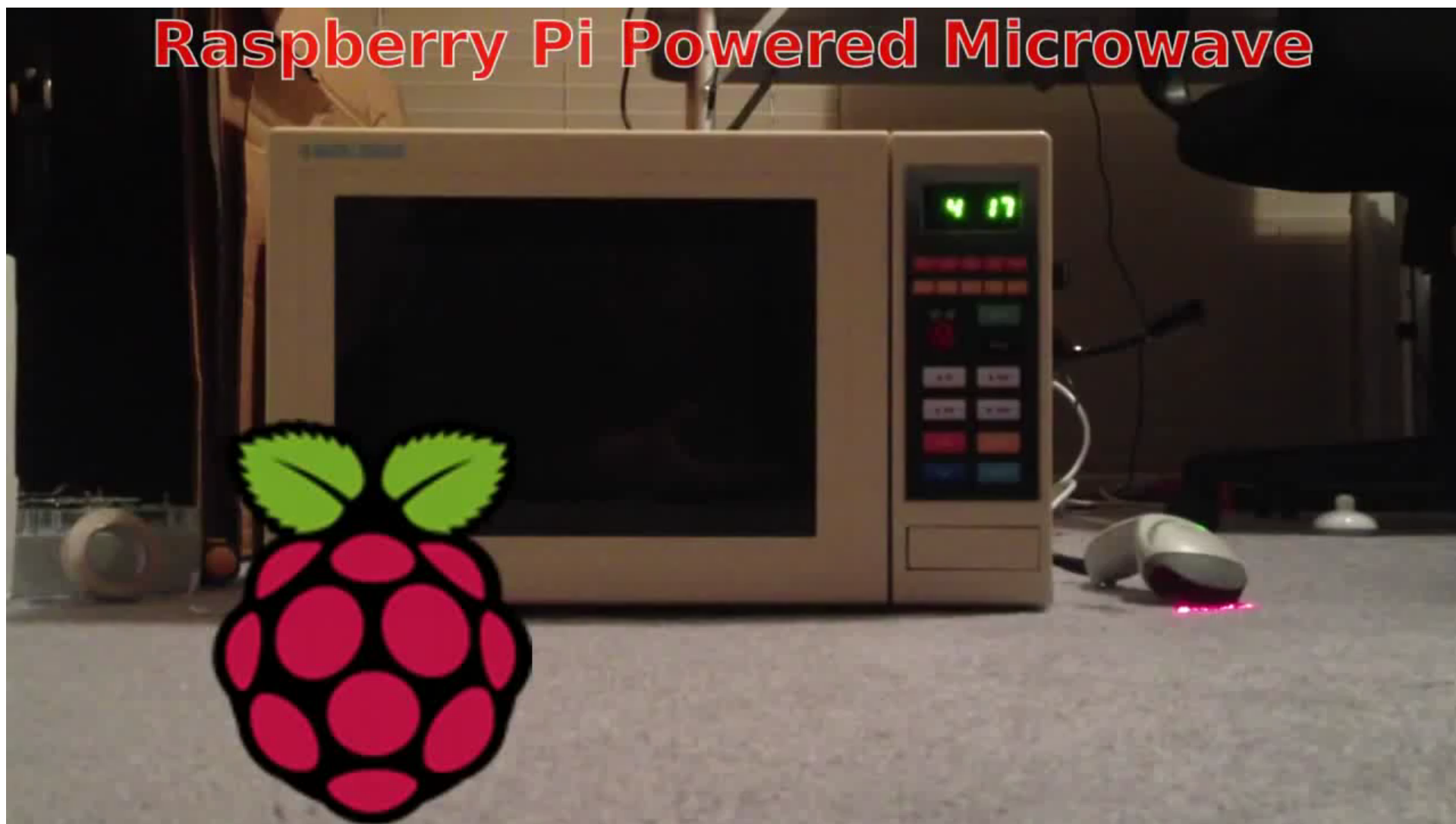
POPCORN	BEVERAGE	REHEAT	SNACKS
BAKED POTATO	FRESH VEG	FROZEN VEG	
TIME COOK	TIME DEFROST	AUTO DEFROST	

GUIDE BEHIND DOOR

1 EXPRESS COOK	2 EXPRESS COOK	3 EXPRESS COOK	
4 EXPRESS COOK	5 EXPRESS COOK	6 EXPRESS COOK	
7	8	9	
	0		
POWER LEVEL			

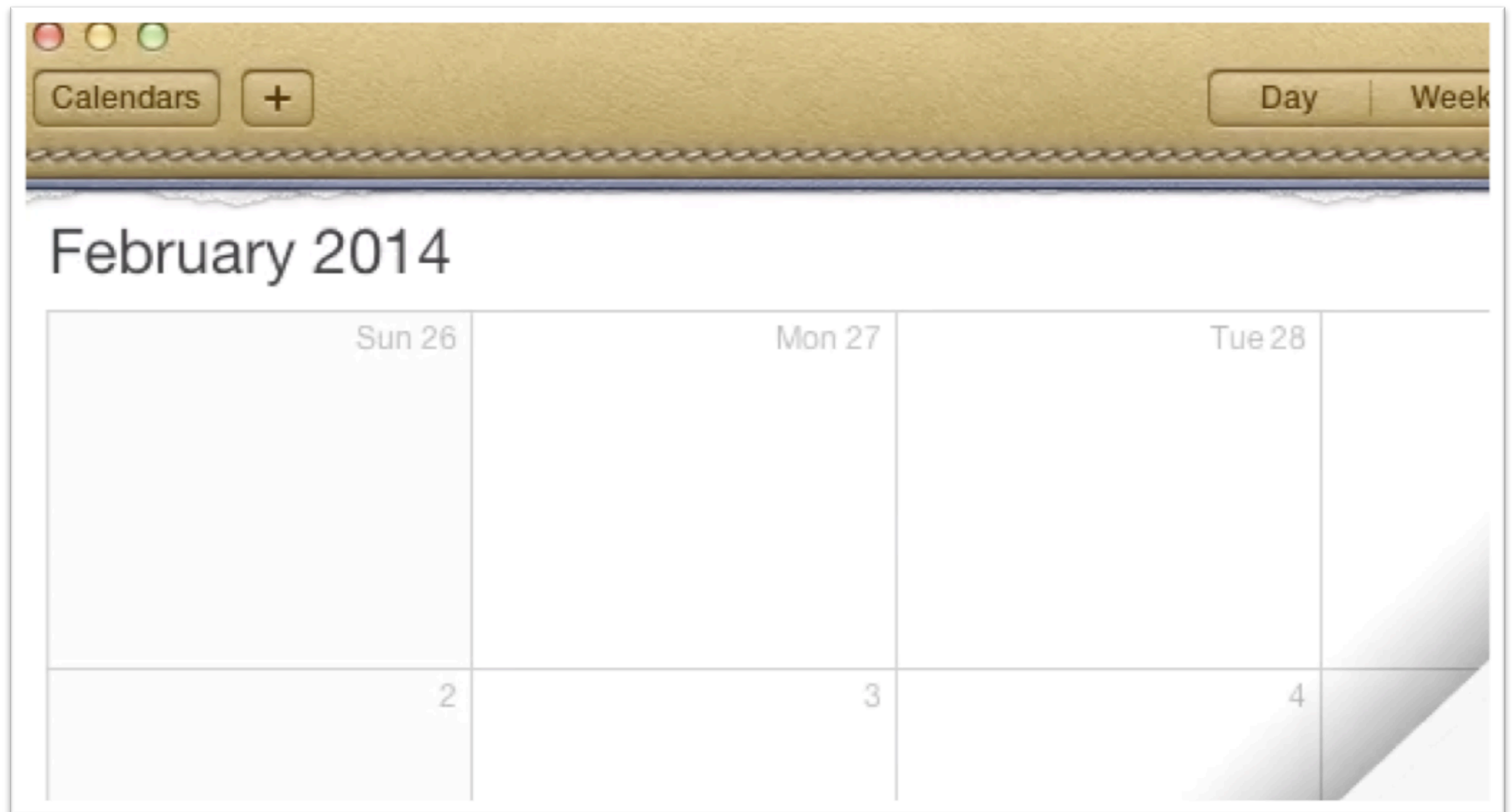
TIMER	CLOCK

Raspberry Pi Powered Microwave





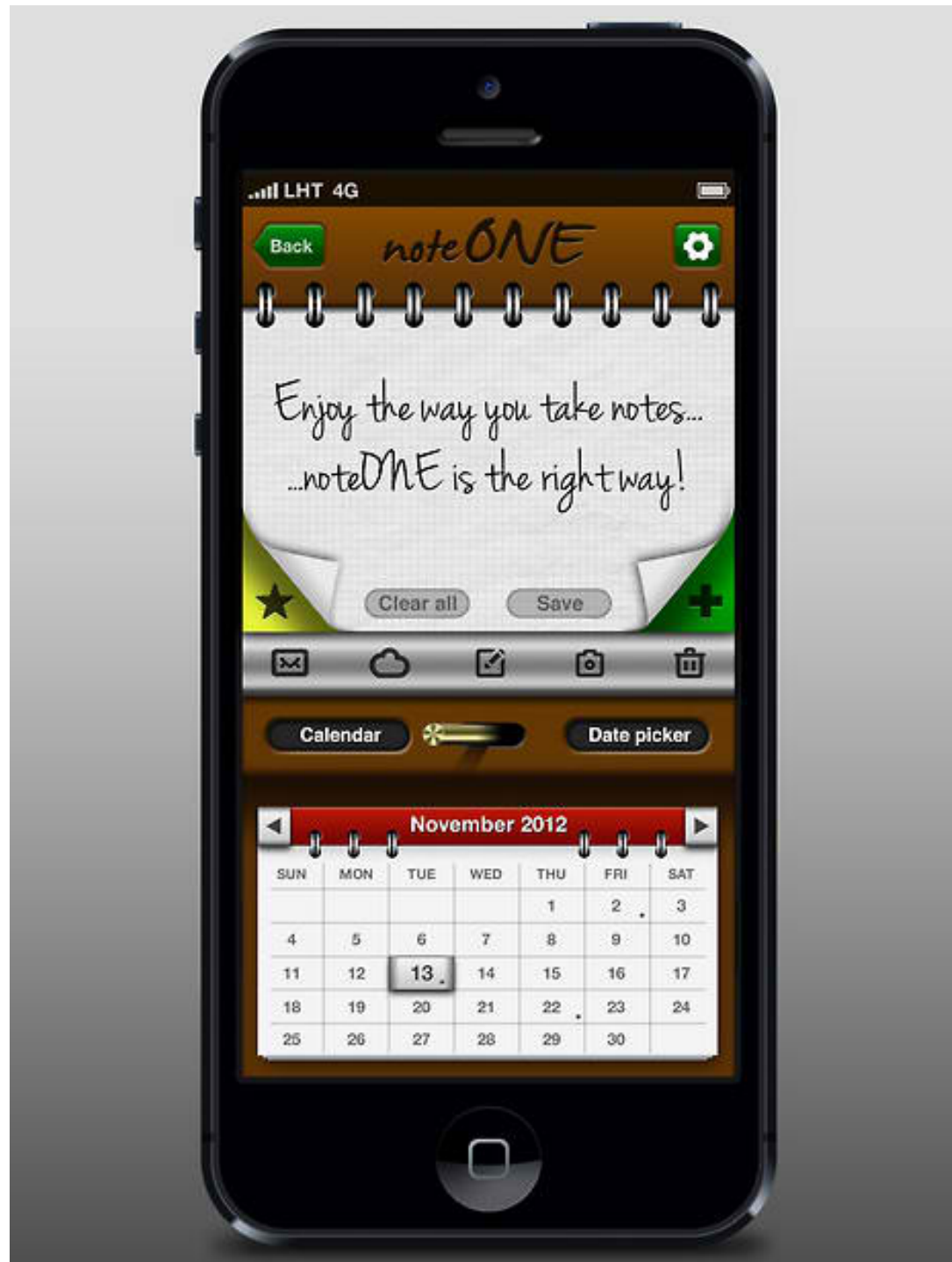




SKEUOMORPHS



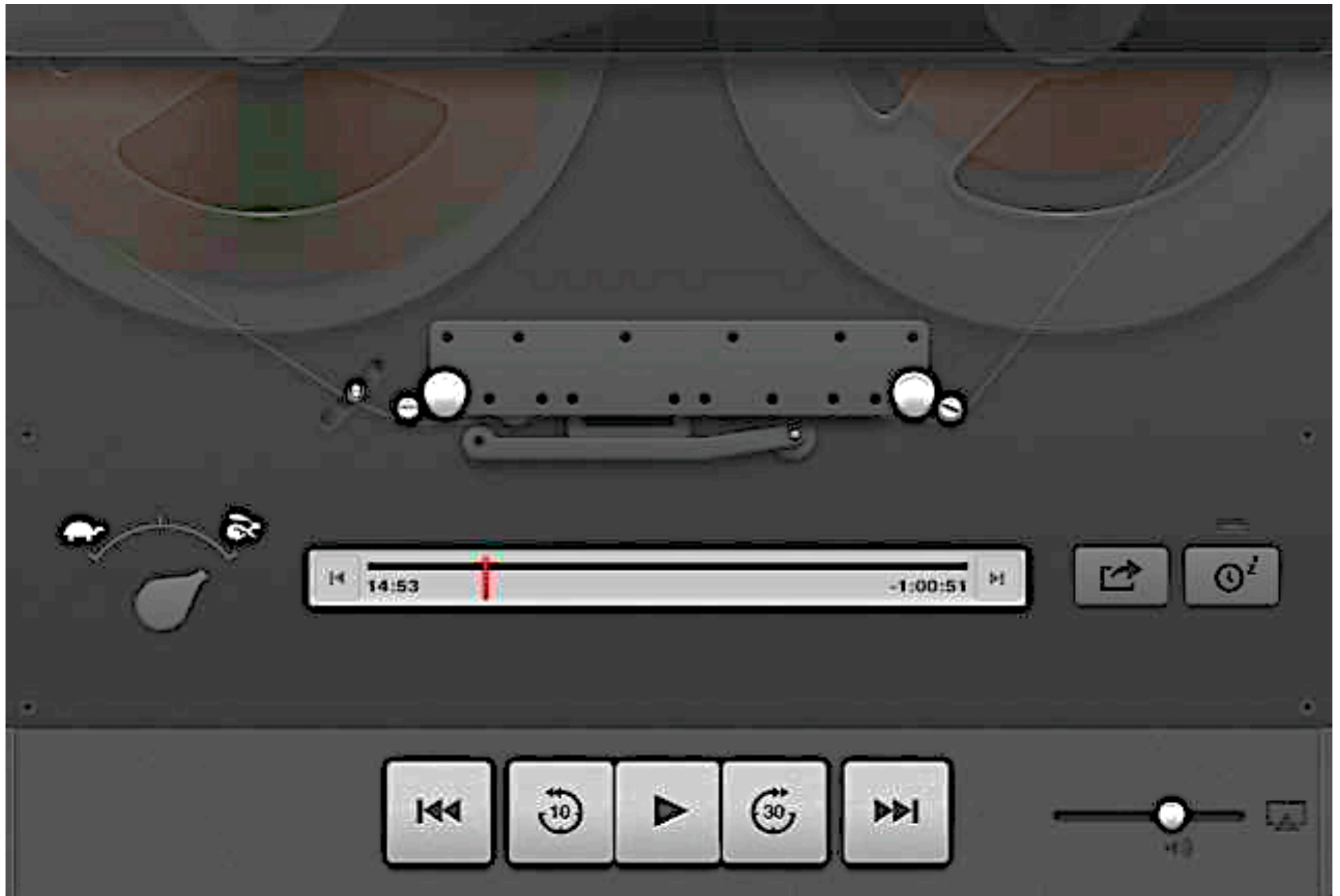
Example:skeu.it



Example:skeu.it



Hanx Writer (2014)

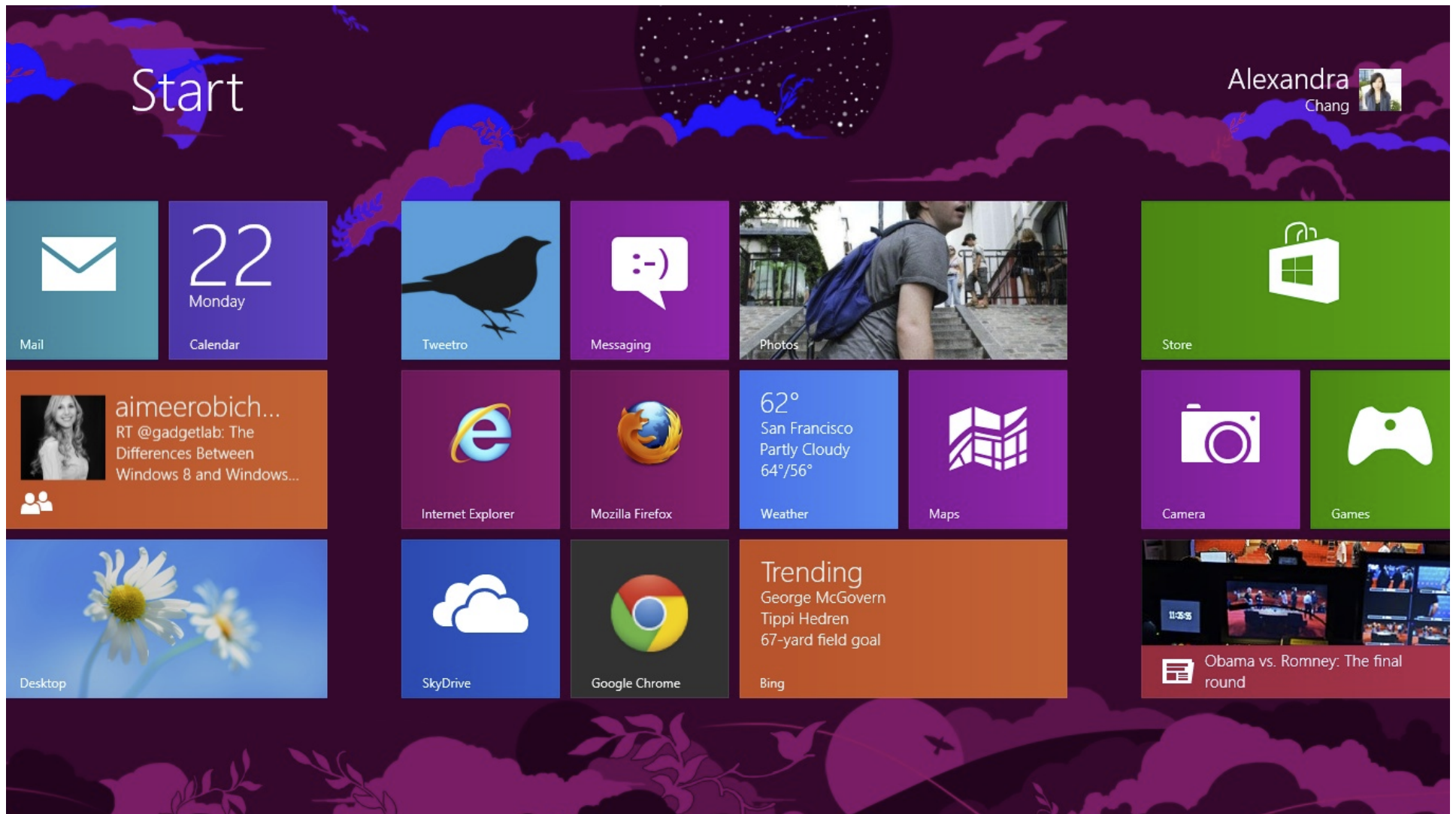


Apple Podcast application



Braun reel-to-reel tape recorder (ca 1965)

<http://www.cultofmac.com/176008/heres-the-braun-tape-recorder-that-inspired-apples-podcasts-app-gallery/>



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1 adult



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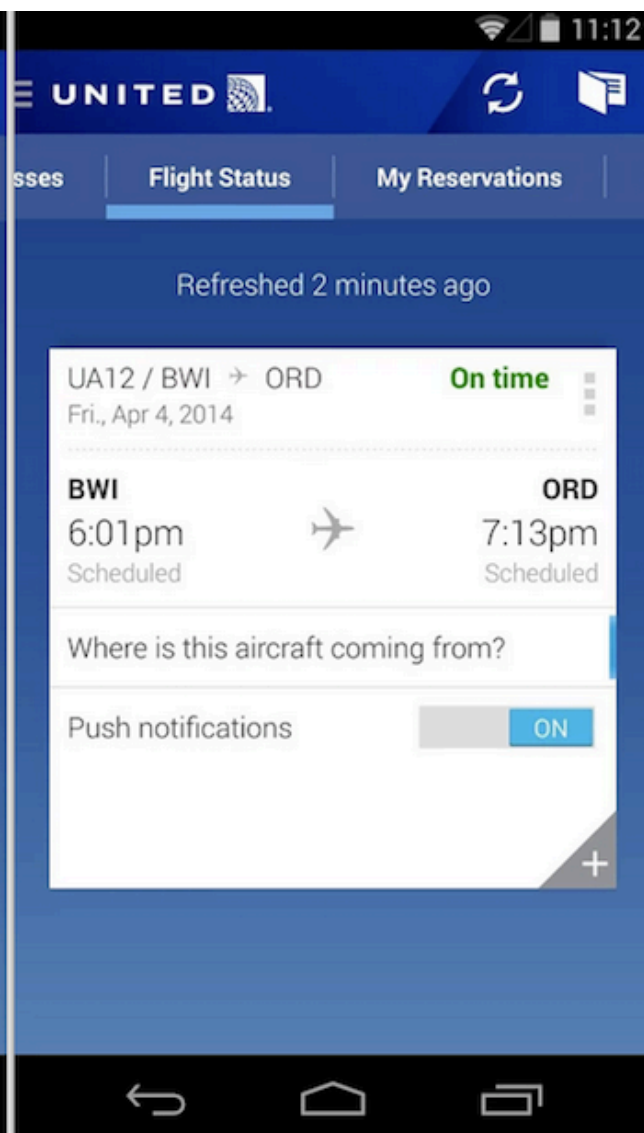
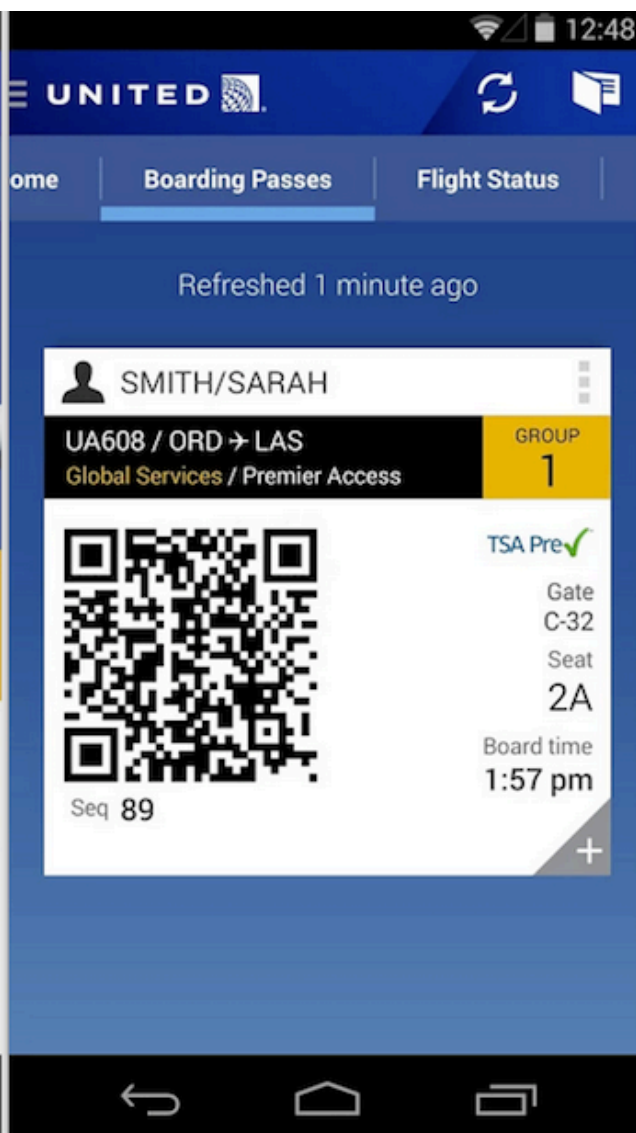
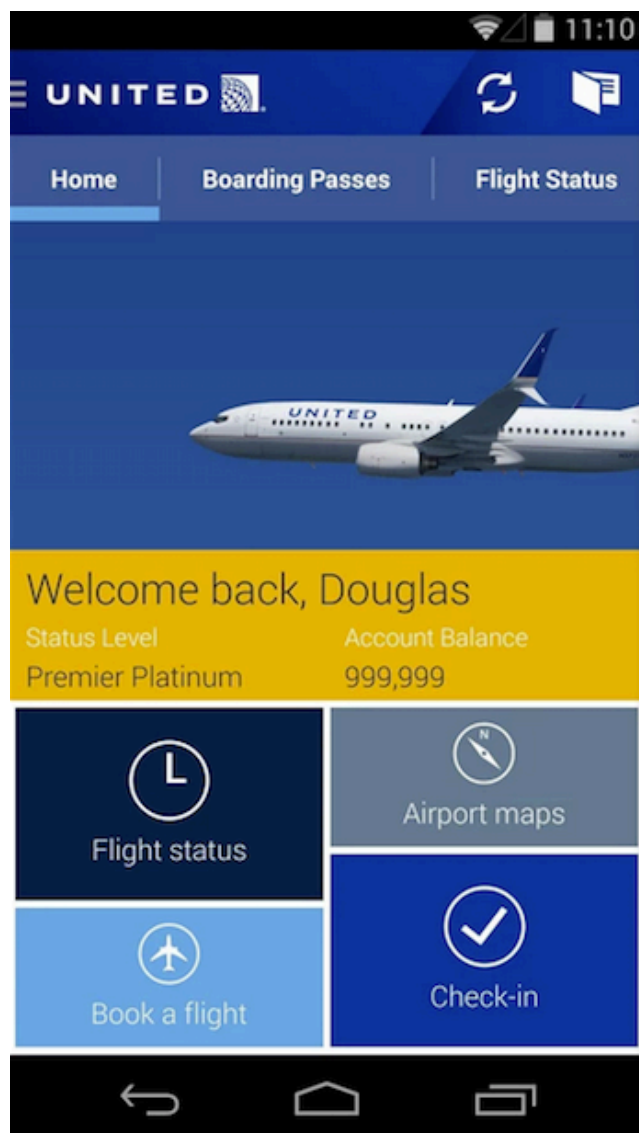


Settings

Boeing 787 Dreamliner – U.S.A.



Site Feedback







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CONCEPTUAL MODELS

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MENTAL REPRESENTATIONS

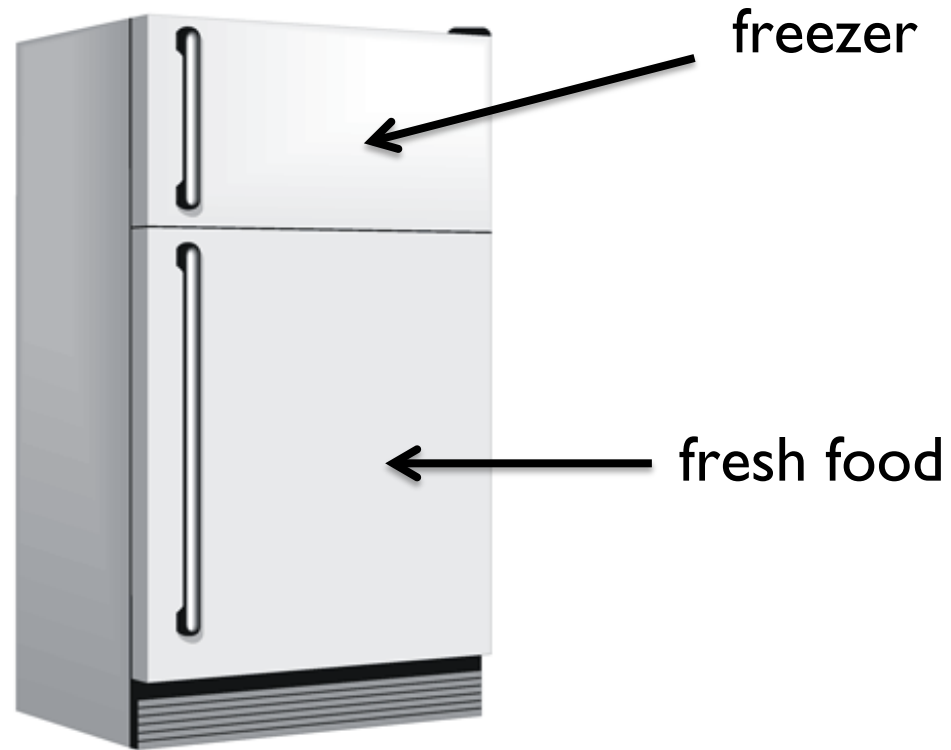
Users' understanding of how interface works

People have preconceived models

Online help / documentation useful (but shouldn't be necessary)

Interfaces Must Communicate Model

REFRIGERATOR



Problem: freezer too cold, but fresh food just right

REFRIGERATOR CONTROLS

Normal Settings	C and 4
Colder Fresh Food	C and 5-6
Coldest Fresh Food	B and 7
Colder Freezer	D and 6-7
Warmer Fresh Food	C and 3-1
OFF (both)	0

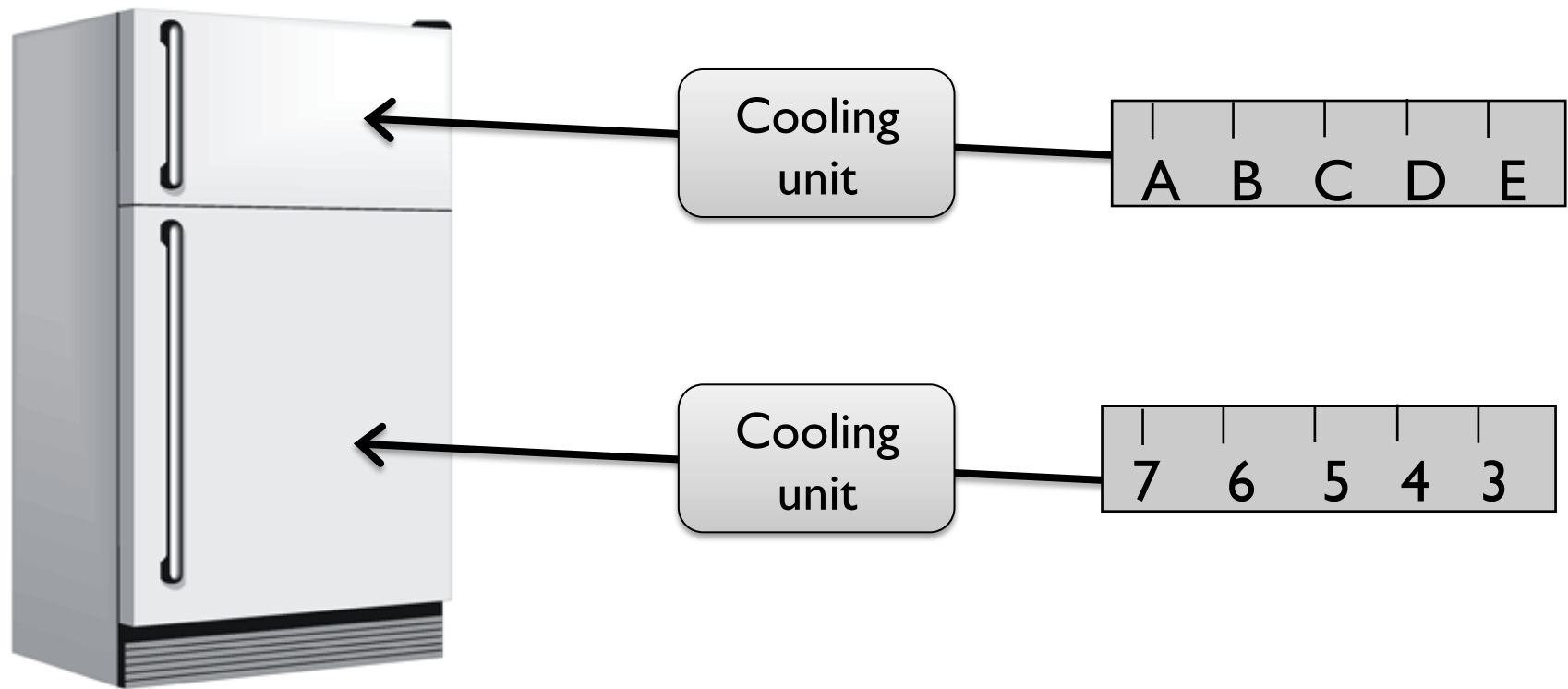
A	B	C	D	E
---	---	---	---	---

7	6	5	4	3
---	---	---	---	---

Freezer	Fresh Food
---------	------------

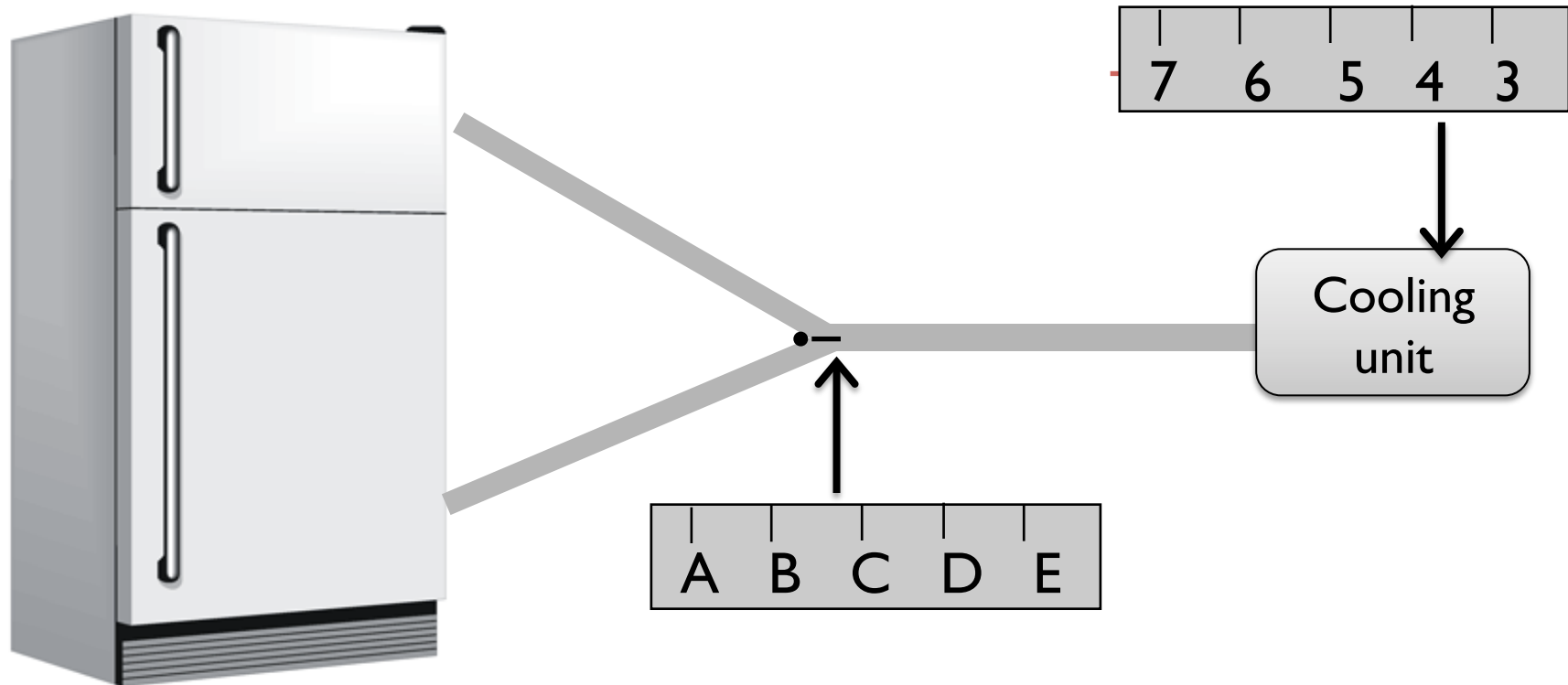
What is your conceptual model?

MOST LIKELY CONCEPTUAL MODEL



Independent Controls

CORRECT CONCEPTUAL MODEL

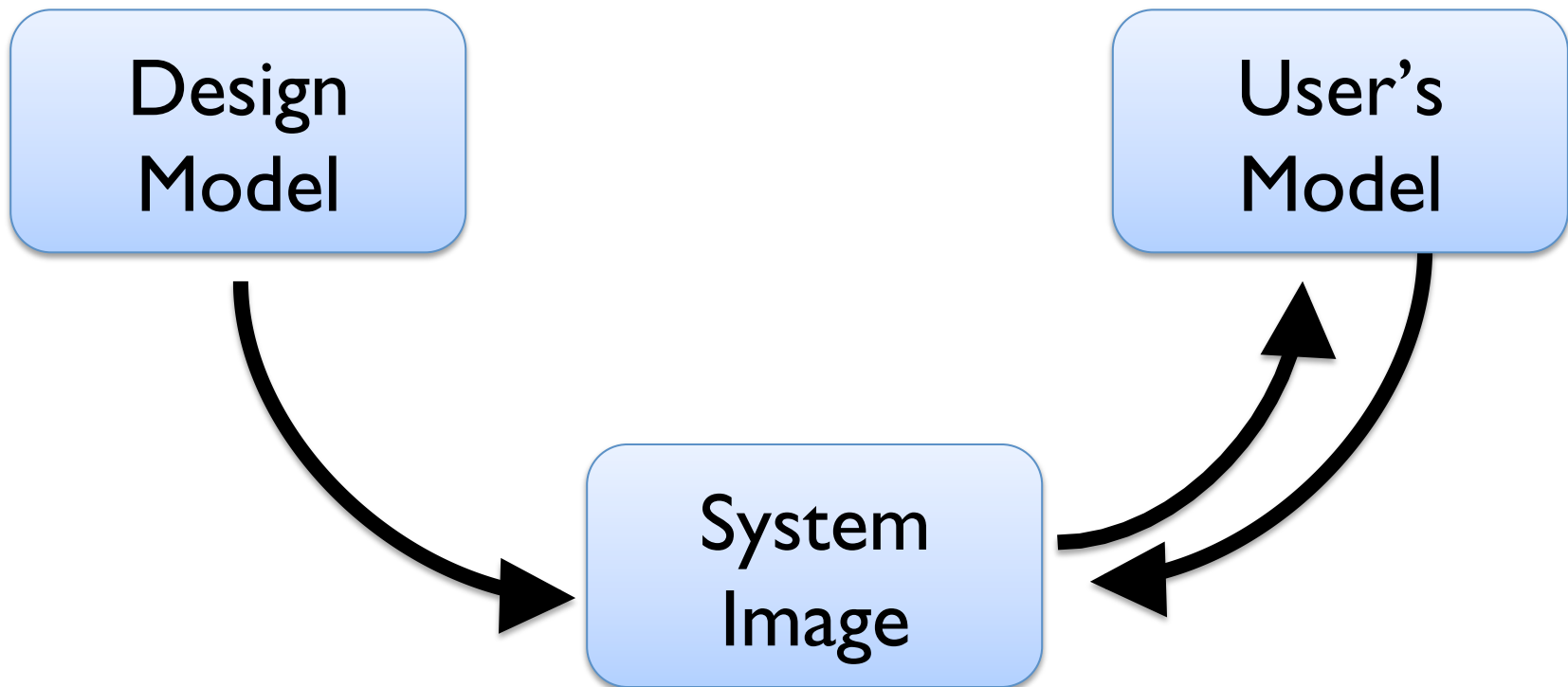


Possible solutions:

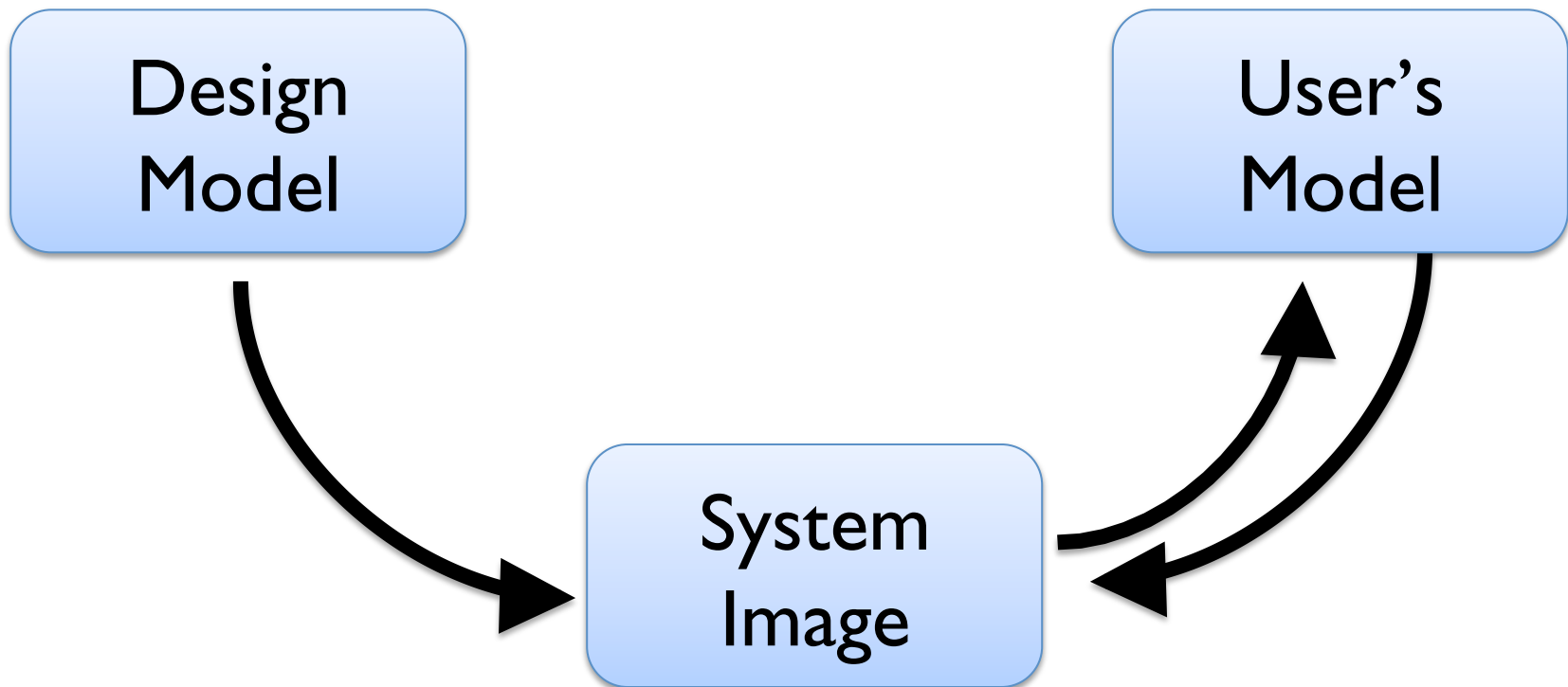
Make controls map to user's model

Make controls map to actual system

CONCEPTUAL MODELS



CONCEPTUAL MODELS



Designers model may not match user's model

Users get model from experience & usage

Users only work with system image, not with designer

PRECONCEIVED MODELS

People have preconceived models of how things work

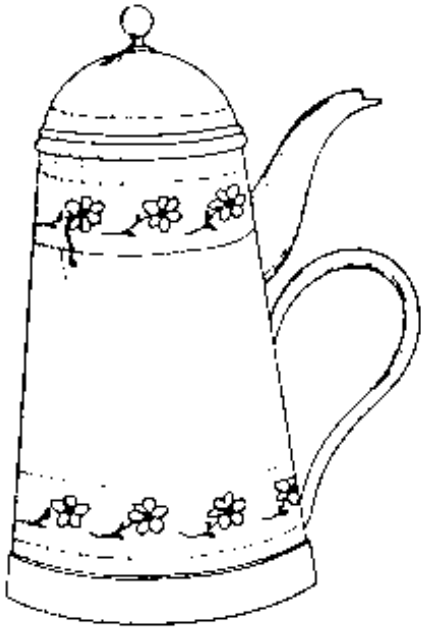
how does your car start?

how does an ATM machine work?

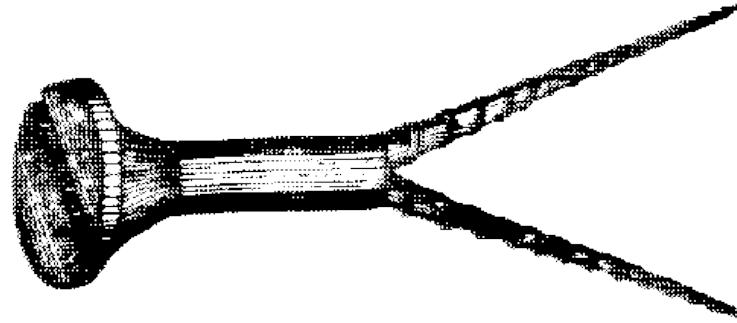
how does your computer boot?

Allow us to predict how things will work or not work

PRECONCEIVED MODELS



Teapot



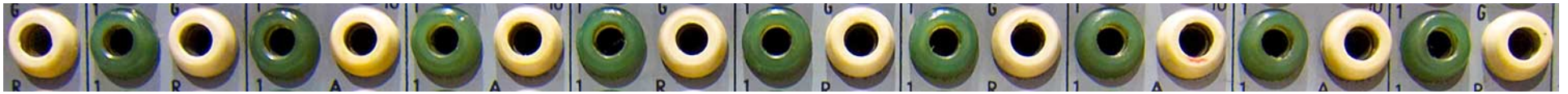
Screw

PRECONCEIVED MODELS OFTEN WRONG!

Extracted from fragmentary evidence

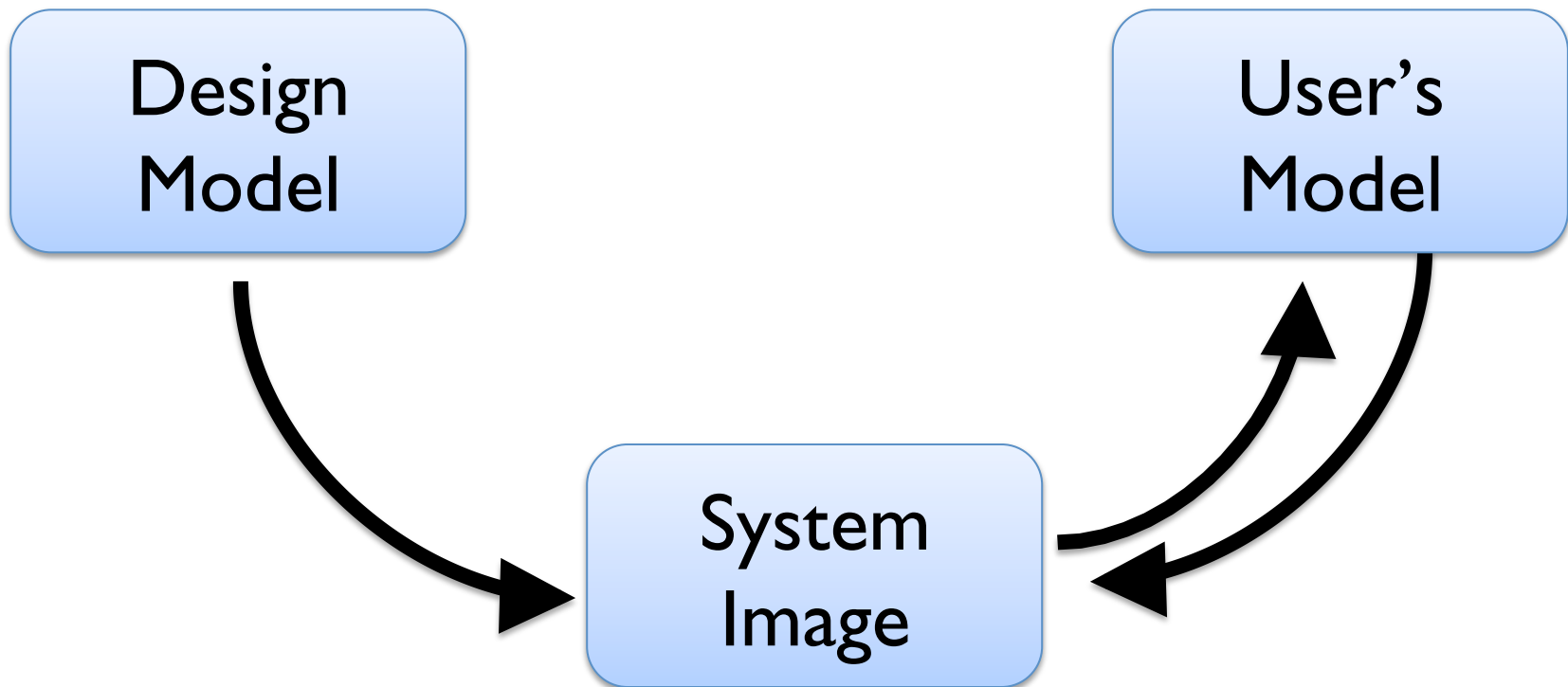
People find ways to explain things

Certain you're driving on the correct road

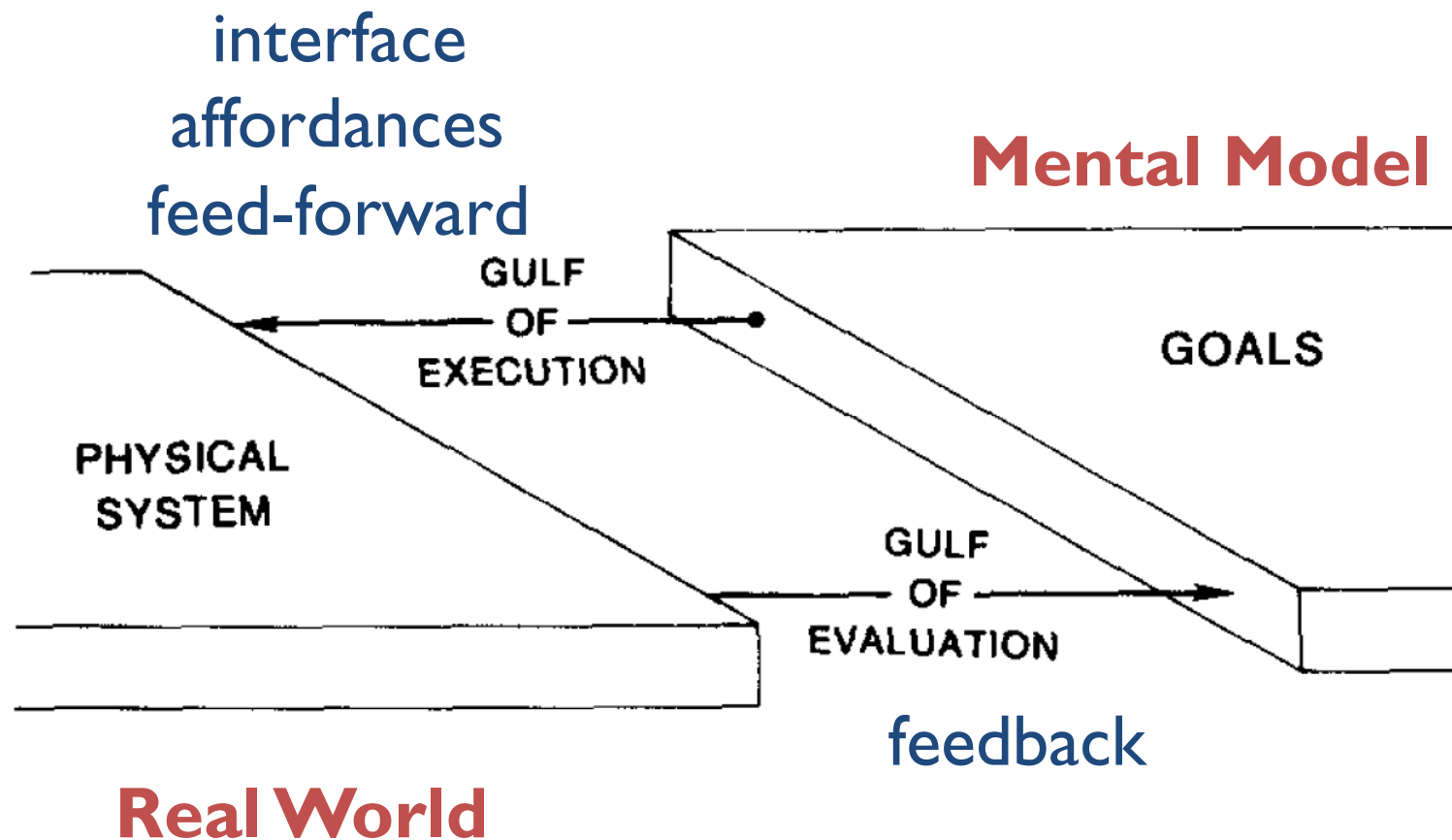


THE ACTION CYCLE

CONCEPTUAL MODELS



GULFS OF EXECUTION & EVALUATION



GULF OF EXECUTION

Real world

Gulf

Mental model:
Draw a rectangle

The diagram illustrates the 'Gulf of Execution' between the real world and a mental model. A large grey vertical bar represents the 'Gulf'. A yellow arrow points from the mental model side to the real world side, labeled 'Execution'. On the real world side, a list of actions is shown. On the mental model side, a tilted rectangle is shown.

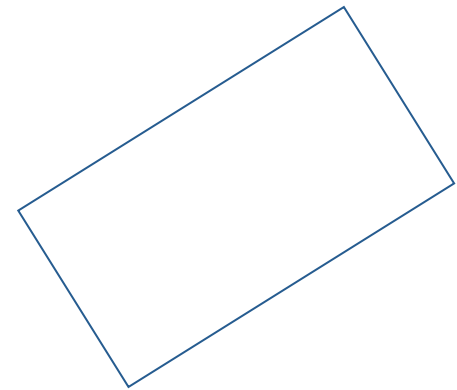
Execution

Move 90 30

Rotate 35

Pen down

...



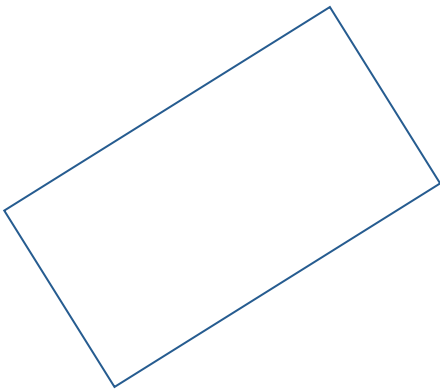
GULF OF EXECUTION

Real world

1. Draw a rectangle



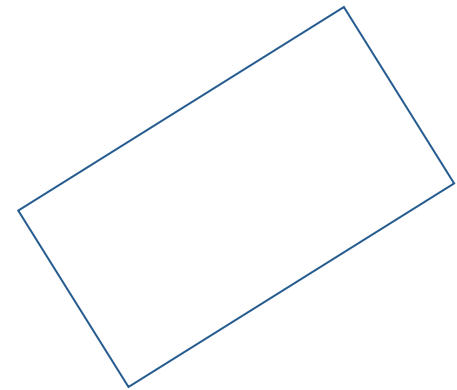
2. Rotate the shape



Gulf

Execution

Mental model:
Draw a rectangle



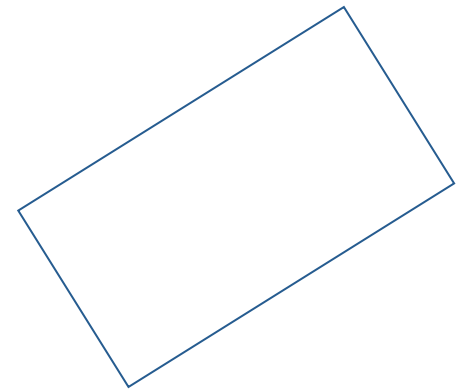
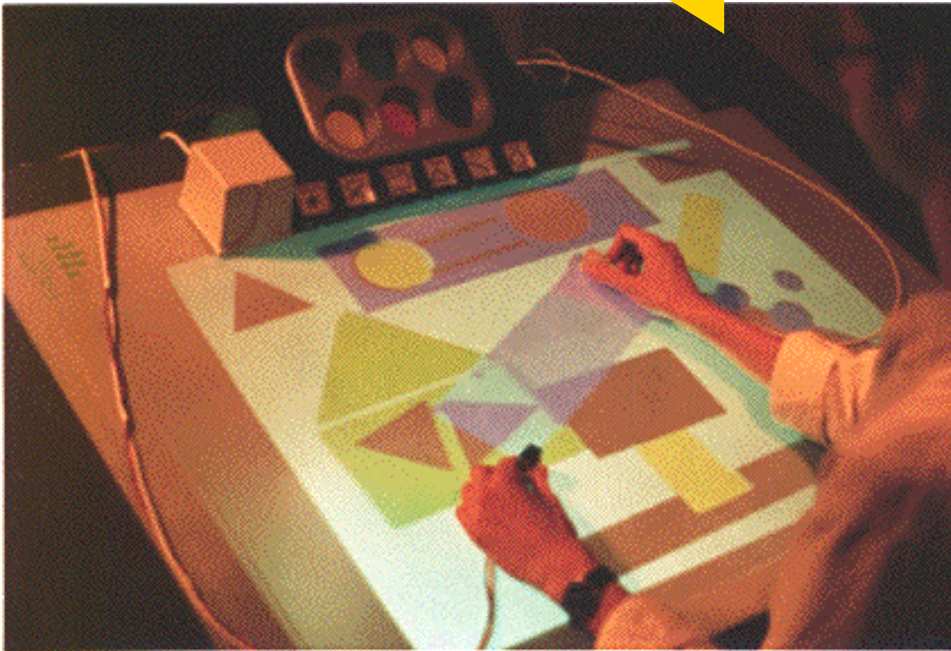
GULF OF EXECUTION

Real world

Gulf

Mental model:
Draw a rectangle

Execution



GULF OF EVALUATION

Gulf

Real world:

x	y
0.67	0.79
0.32	0.63
0.39	0.72
0.27	0.85
0.71	0.43
0.63	0.09
0.03	0.03
0.20	0.54
0.51	0.38
0.11	0.33
0.46	0.46

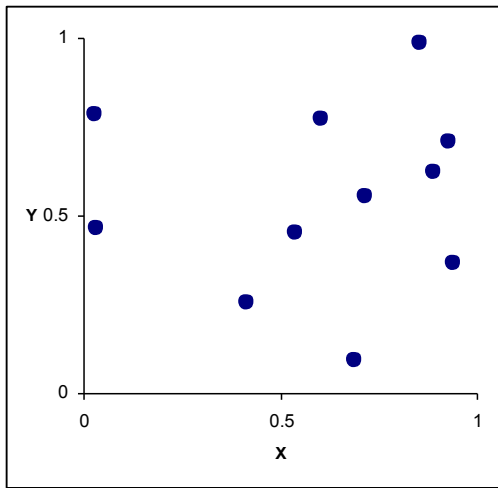
Mental model:
x,y correlated?

Evaluation

GULF OF EVALUATION

Gulf

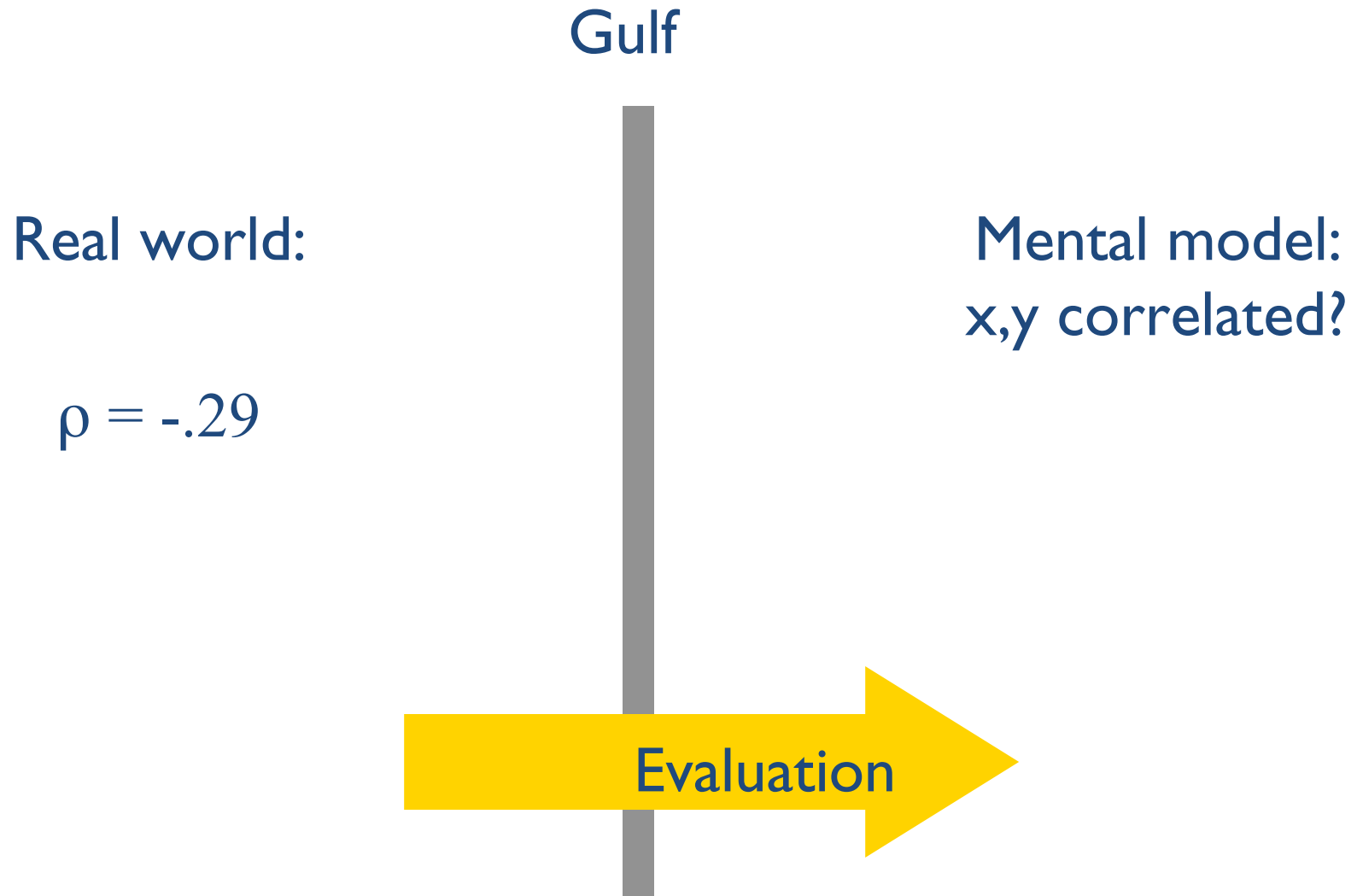
Real world:



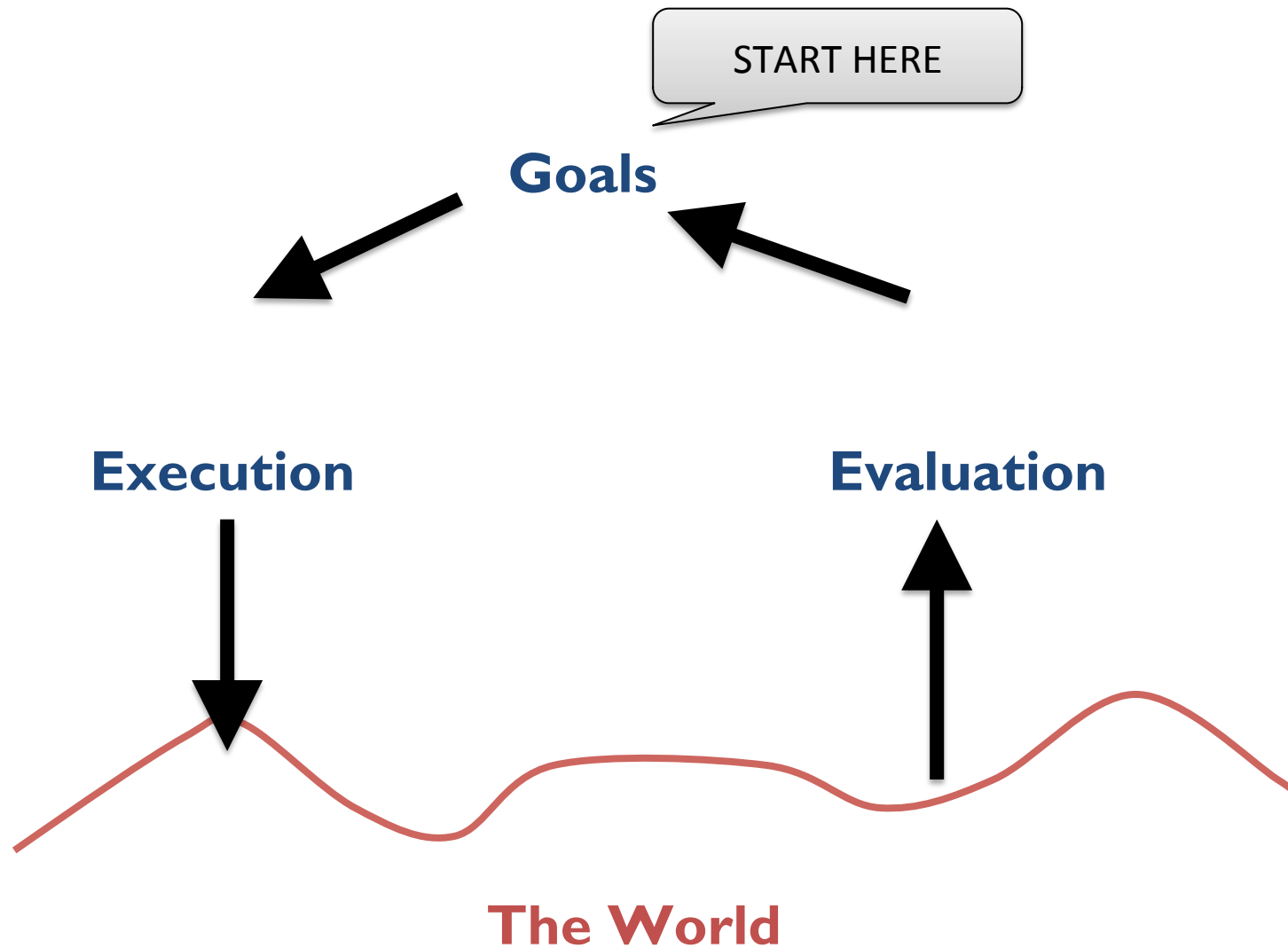
Mental model:
x,y correlated?

Evaluation

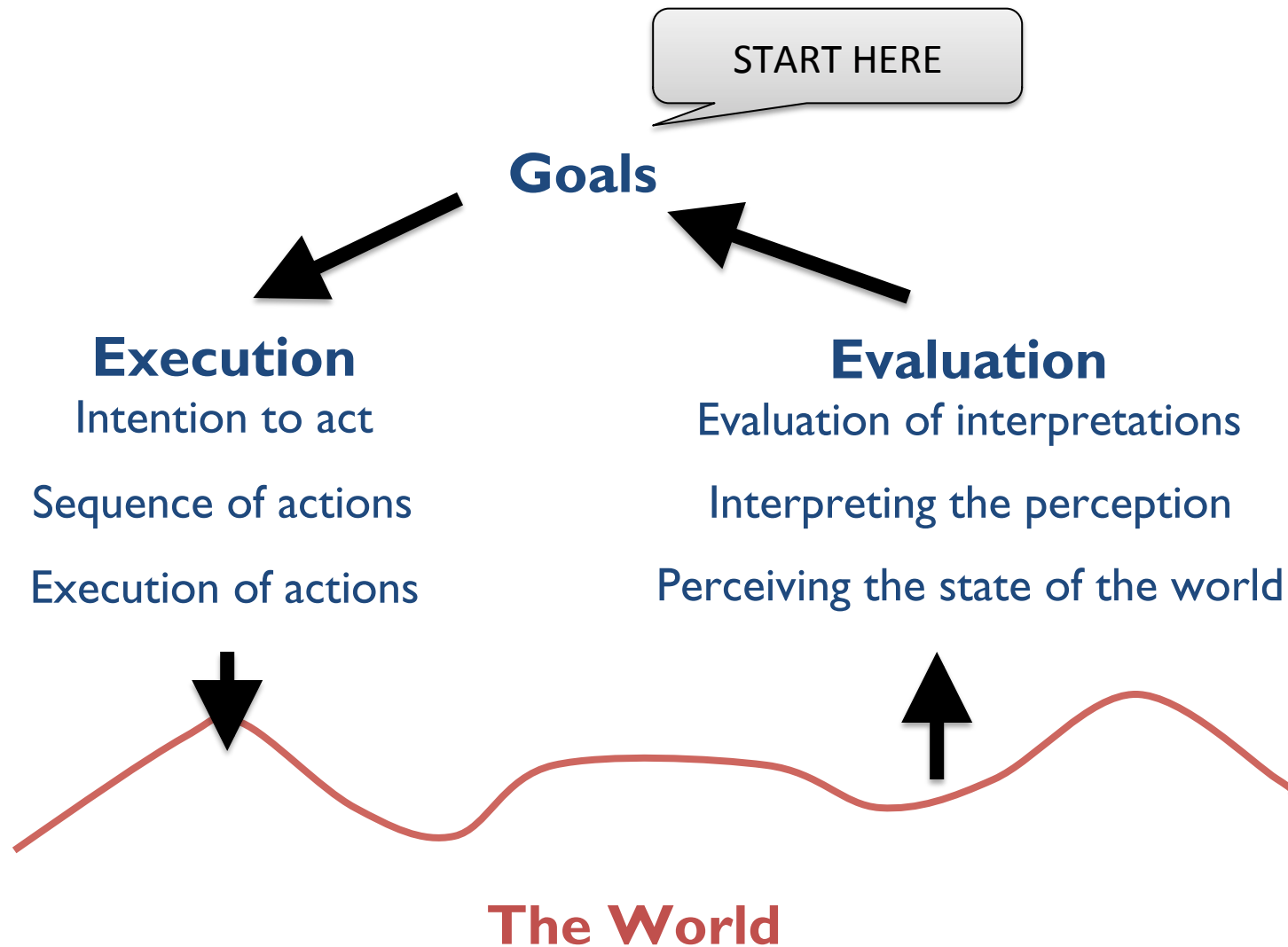
GULF OF EVALUATION

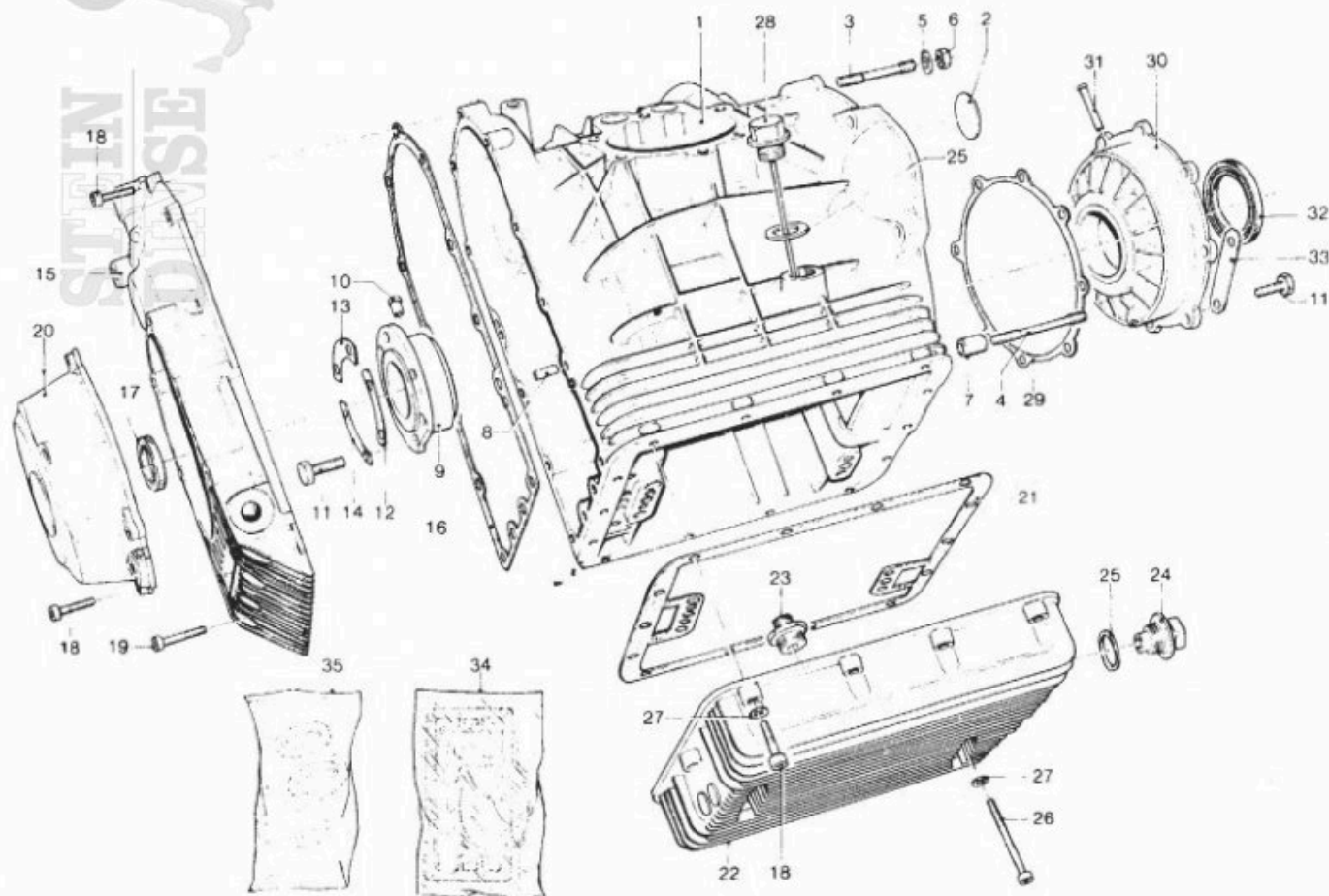


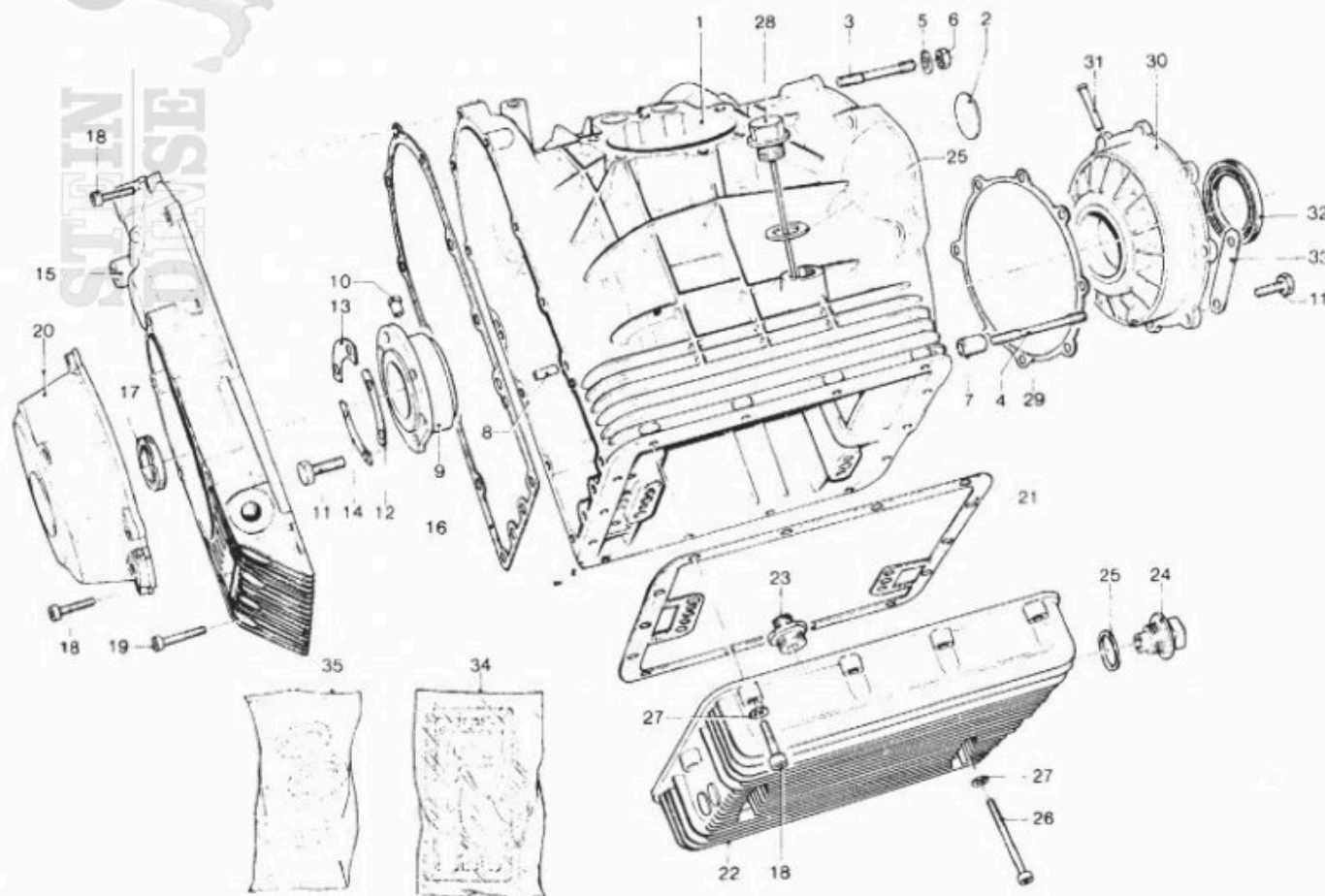
ACTION CYCLE



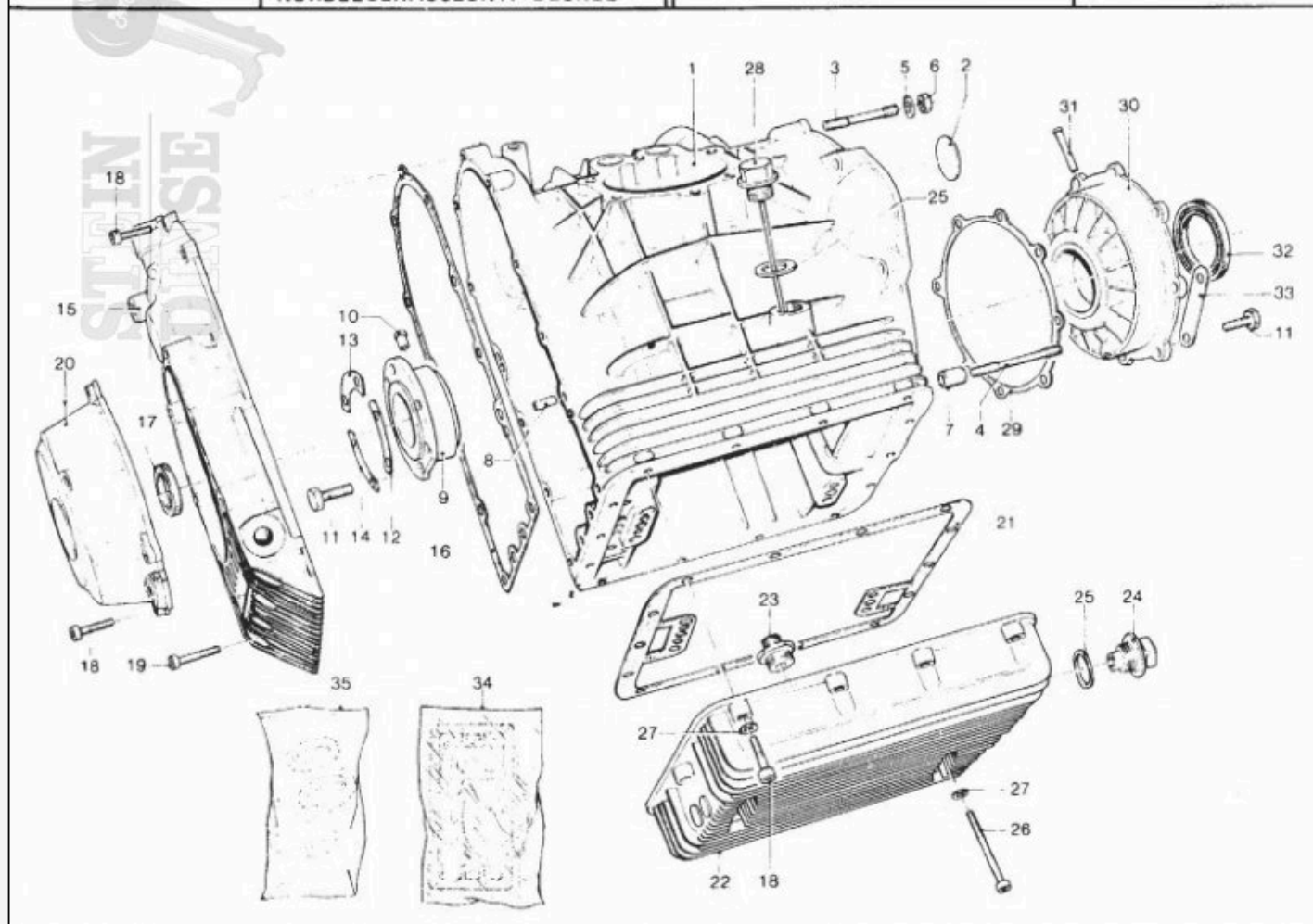
ACTION CYCLE







Articelno.	Description	Price	Stock	Picture	Shop
12011800	FLANGE GASKET Dichtung KW Hauptlager gr.Mod hinten	2,05 € *	Available	Show	Order
05011830	Gasket crankshaft main bearing 850/1100/1200 Dichtung KW Hauptlager gr.Mod hinten	2,59 € *	Short on stock, please ask	Show	Order
All informations comes from our Online-Shop and are up to date. * The price includes VAT and plus porto costs					



Articelno.	Description	Price	Stock	Picture	Shop
12011800	FLANGE GASKET Dichtung KW Hauptlager gr.Mod hinten	2,05 € *	Available	Show	Order
05011830	Gasket crankshaft main bearing 850/1100/1200 Dichtung KW Hauptlager gr.Mod hinten	2,59 € *	Short on stock, please ask	Show	Order

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DIRECT MANIPULATION

An interface that behaves as though the interaction was with a real-world object rather than with an abstract system

Central ideas

Visibility of the objects of interest

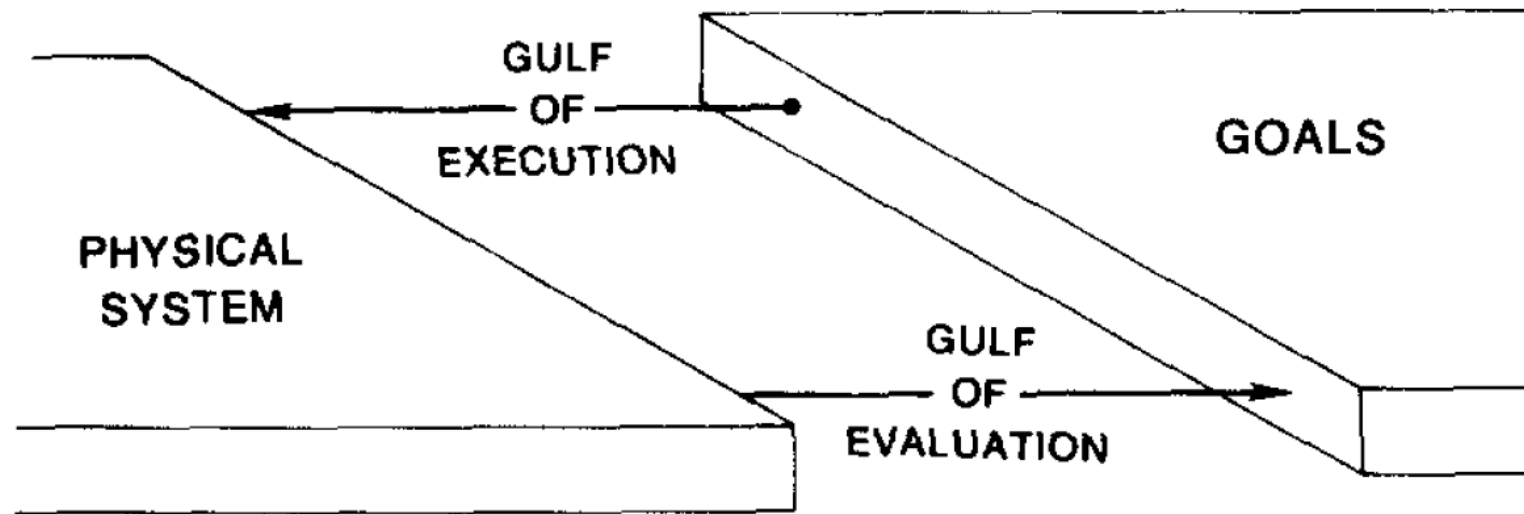
Rapid, reversible, incremental actions

Manipulation by pointing and moving

Immediate and continuous display of results

REDUCE DISTANCE

Decrease gulfs



DEFINITIONS

Direct Engagement

The feeling of working directly on the task

Direct Manipulation

An interface that behaves as though the interaction was with a real-world object rather than with an abstract system

Central ideas

Visibility of the objects of interest

Rapid, reversible, incremental actions

Manipulation by pointing and moving

Immediate and continuous display of results

Almost always based on a metaphor

Mapped onto some facet of the real world task semantics

THE METAPHOR

Computer objects as visible, moveable objects

Consequences

Items represented as icons

Items can be “picked up” and “moved” on a surface

Items can be “thrown out”

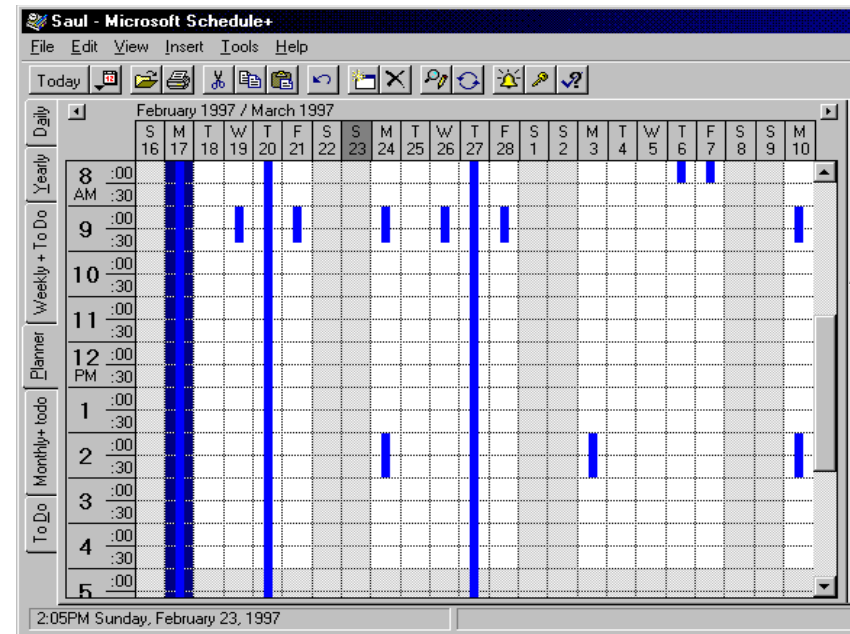
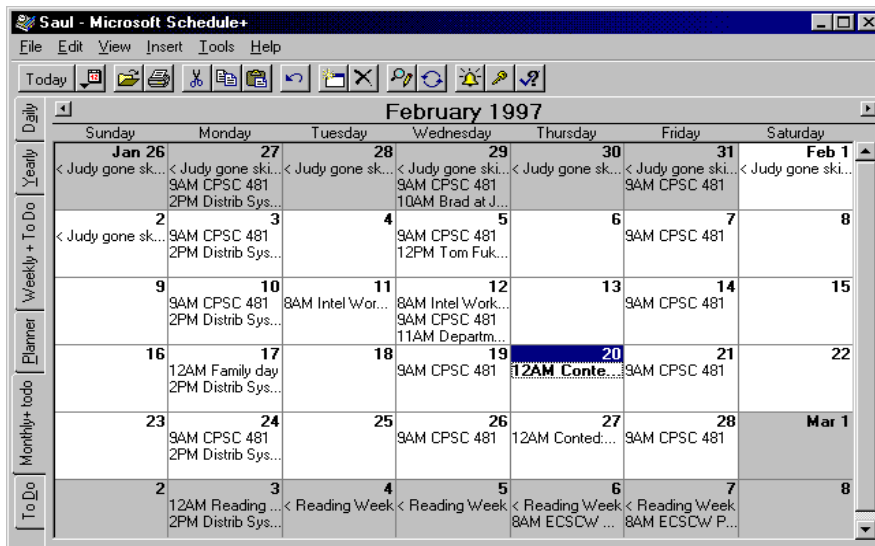
Items can be “copied”

Do we really want to have to drag them to a photocopier?

How much is too much?

VISUAL REPRESENTATION

To manipulate an object it must be visible



ISSUES

Some Disadvantages

Repetitive operations (may still be best via script)

Tasks that require high accuracy (positioning)

Ill-suited for abstract operations

- Spell-checker?

- Search database by scrolling or by query?

- May desire to trade off directness for generality

Solution: Combine direct manipulation & abstractions

Word processor:

- WYSIWYG document (direct manipulation)

- Buttons, menus, dialog boxes (abstractions, but direct manipulation “in the small”)

If we only restrict ourselves to direct manipulation we miss the most exciting potential of new technology – to enable new ways to think and interact

SUMMARY

Conceptual model is the user's mental model of how the interface works

Perceived affordances help users form this model

Designers must provide clues in system to make conceptual model clear

- Make controls visible

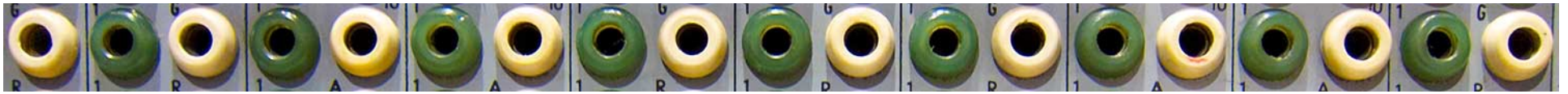
- Make sure mapping is clear

- Provide feedback

Gulfs of Execution and Evaluation

Action cycle involves bridging gulfs between user & system

If we only restrict ourselves to direct manipulation we miss the most exciting potential of new technology – to enable new ways to think and interact



DESIGN PRINCIPLES

1. MAKE CONTROLS VISIBLE



POOR VISIBILITY (BMW'S IDRIVE)





How do you put someone on hold?



How do you set the alarm?





Primary controls are visible

But how to set a radio station preset?

TOO MUCH VISIBILITY?



6 remote controls for “modest” home theater

2. MAKE SURE MAPPING IS CLEAR

Mapping: Relationship between controls and their result



Mercedes S500 Car Seat Controller



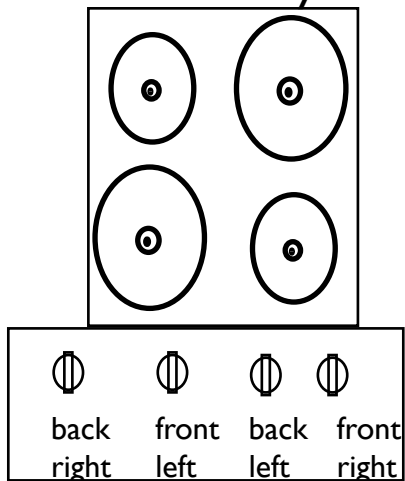
(cc) Flickr user geekcraft



Which way will the sound be moved when you turn this knob?

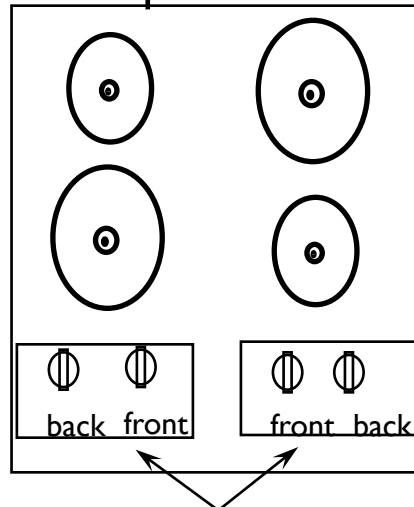
STOVETOP CONTROLS

arbitrary



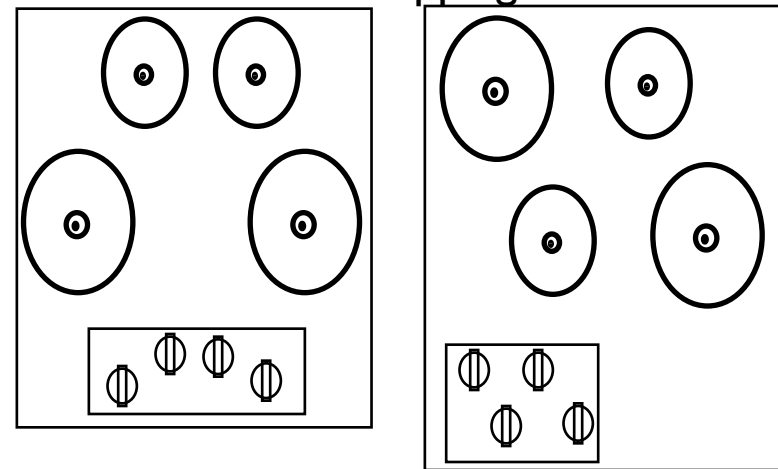
24 possibilities, requires:
visible labels
memory

paired



2 possibilities per side
= 4 total possibilities

full mapping



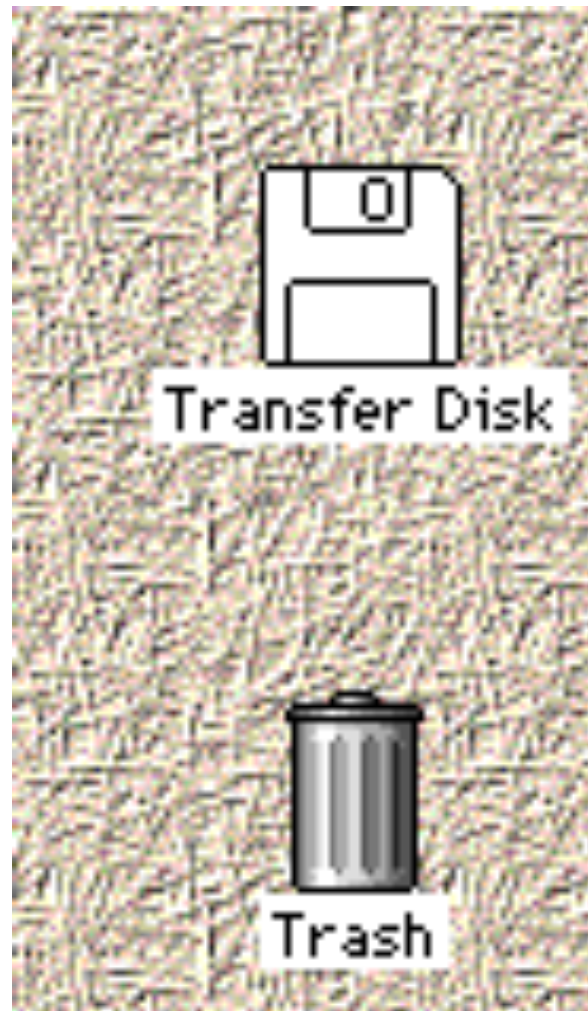
TRANSFER EXPECTATIONS

From known objects to similar new ones

Positive: previous experience applies to new situation

Negative: previous experience conflicts with new situation





What happens when disk is dragged onto trash can?



Crown in Apple Watch

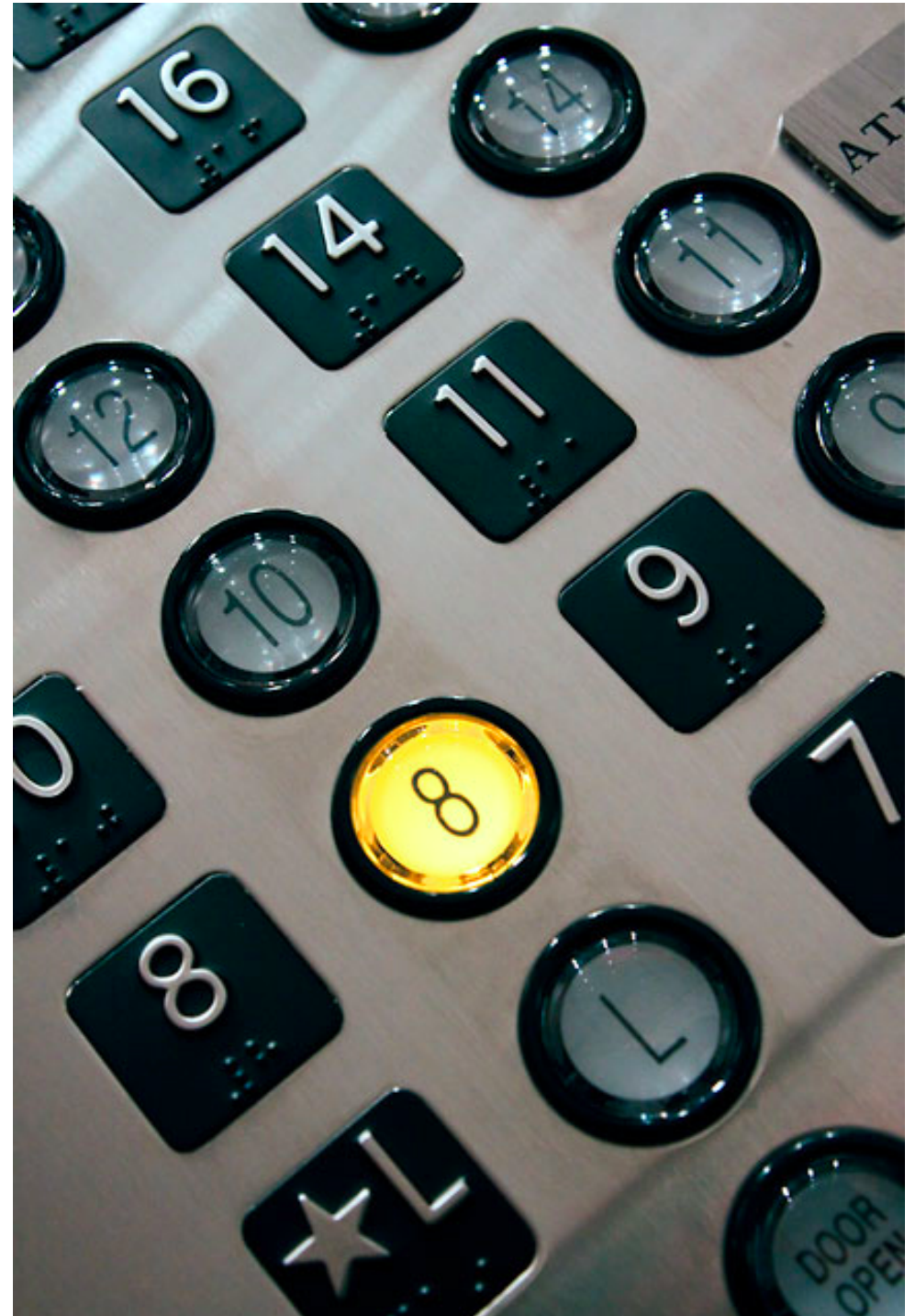
3. PROVIDE FEEDBACK



People press >> 1 time

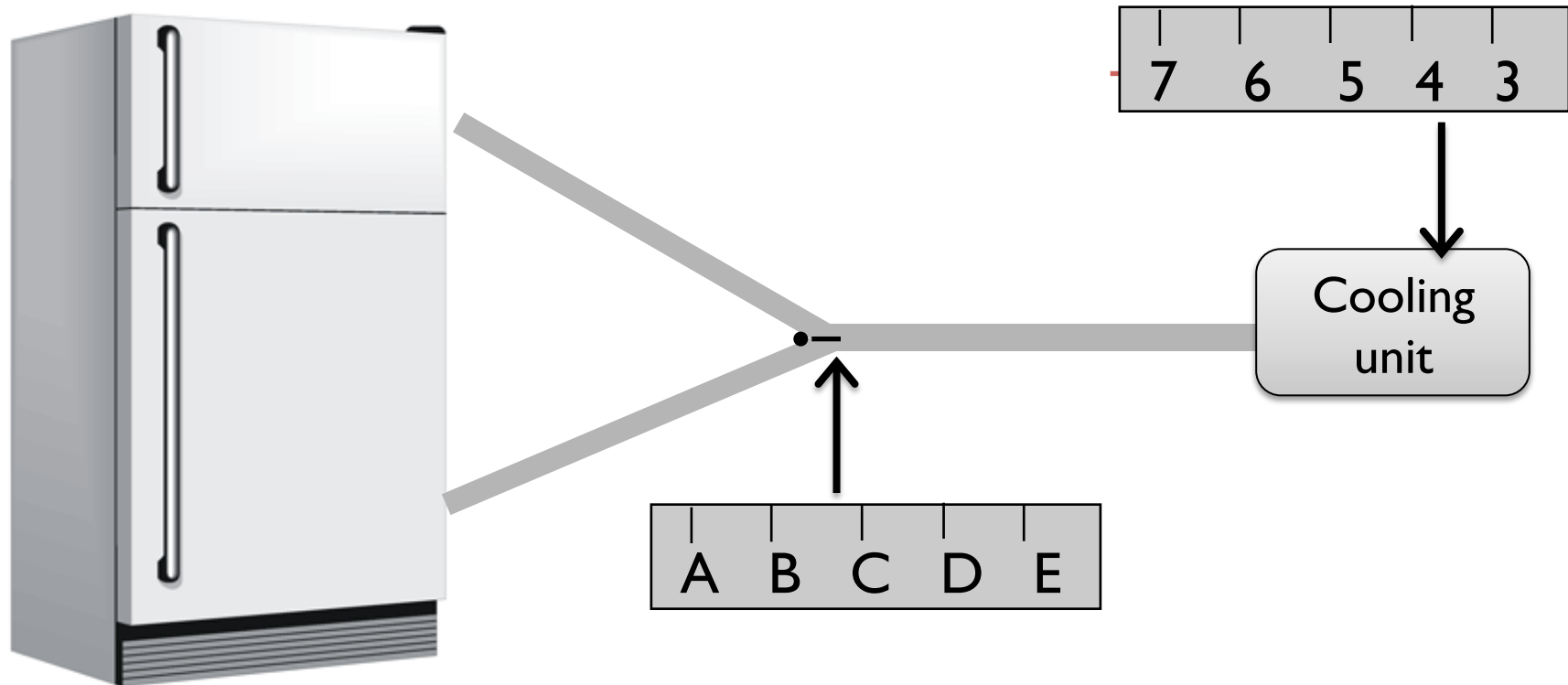
Unclear if system has registered the button press

Elevator buttons
light up → reduces
multiple presses



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POOR FEEDBACK



Took a day for refrigerator to adjust to new settings